

# SpeedyBee F405 WING MINI

User Manual V1.2



SpeedyBee APP



Installation



Facebook

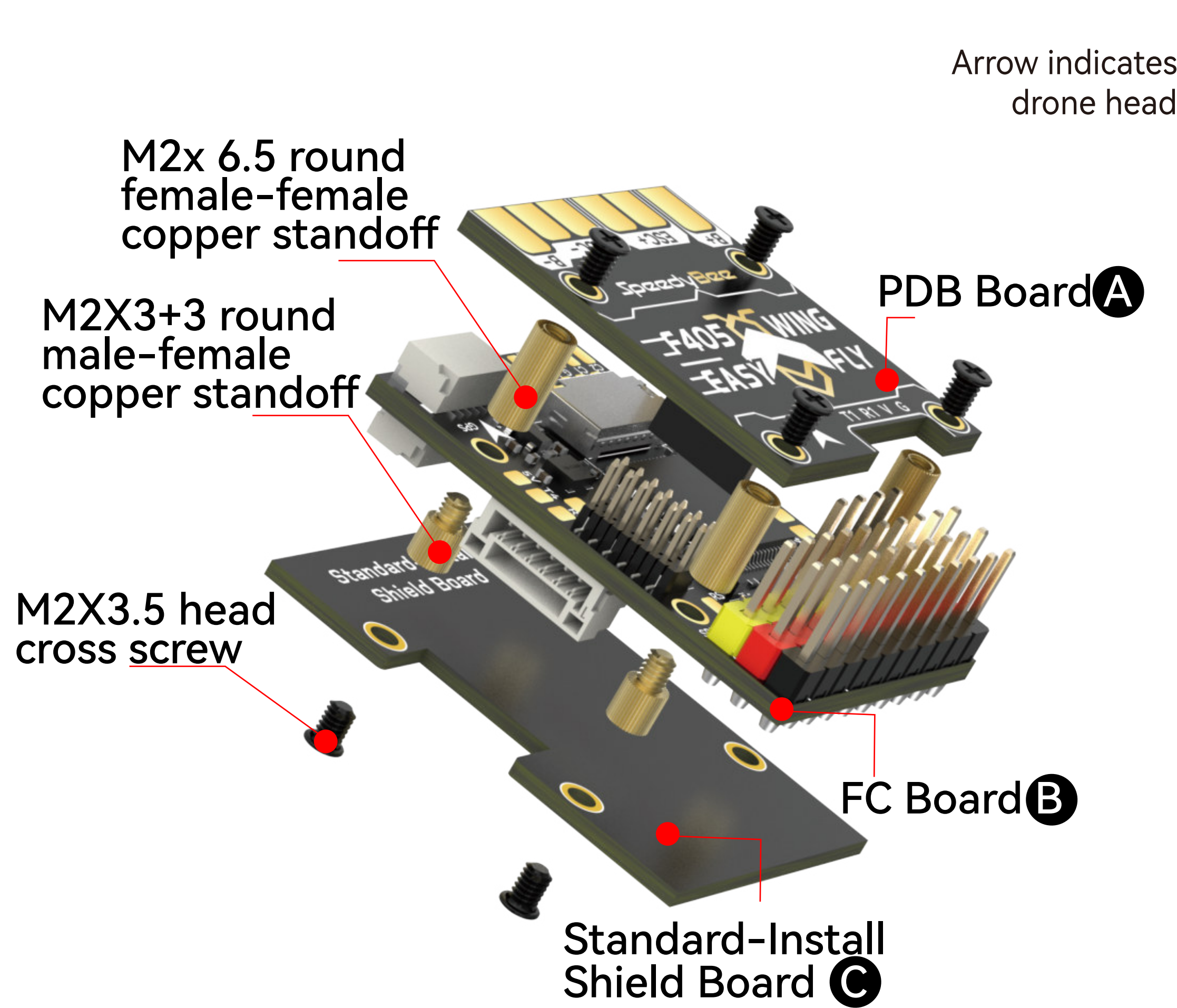
## Specification Overview

Product Name	SpeedyBee F405 WING MINI
PDB Board	SpeedyBee F405 WING MINI PDB Board
FC Board	SpeedyBee F405 WING MINI FC Board
Shield Board	SpeedyBee F405 WING MINI Custom-Install Shield Board SpeedyBee F405 WING MINI Standard-Install Shield Board
Wireless USB Extender	SpeedyBee F405 WING MINI USB Extender
Wireless Configuration	Bluetooth BLE/WIFI(AP)/WIFI(STA)
FC Firmware	INAV/ArduPilot
Power Input	2-6S
Dimension	37(L) x 26(W) x 14(H) mm
Weight	19g (Wireless USB Extender included)

## Part1-Overview

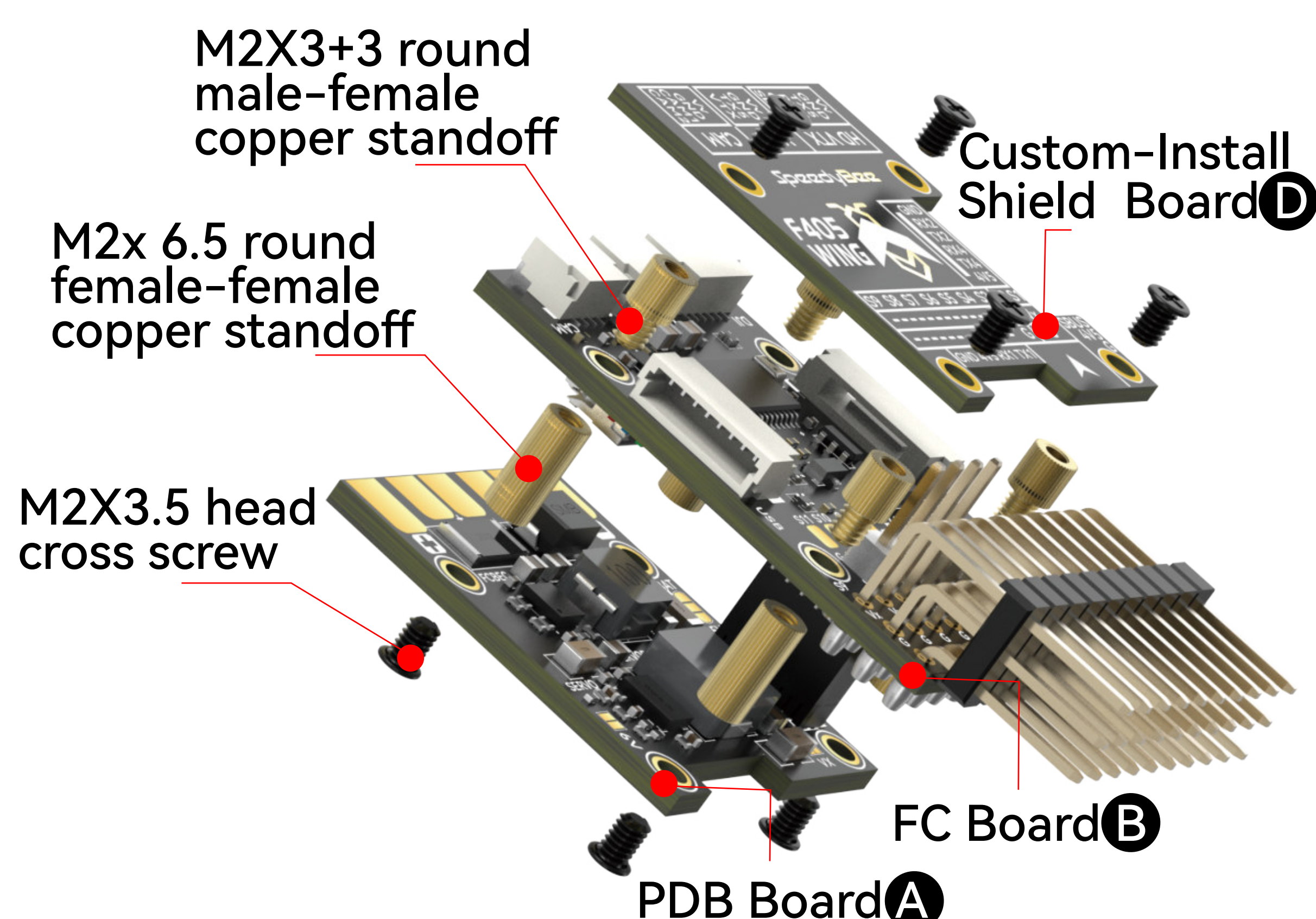
### Standard-Install Shield Board

Installation standard Flight Controller orientation



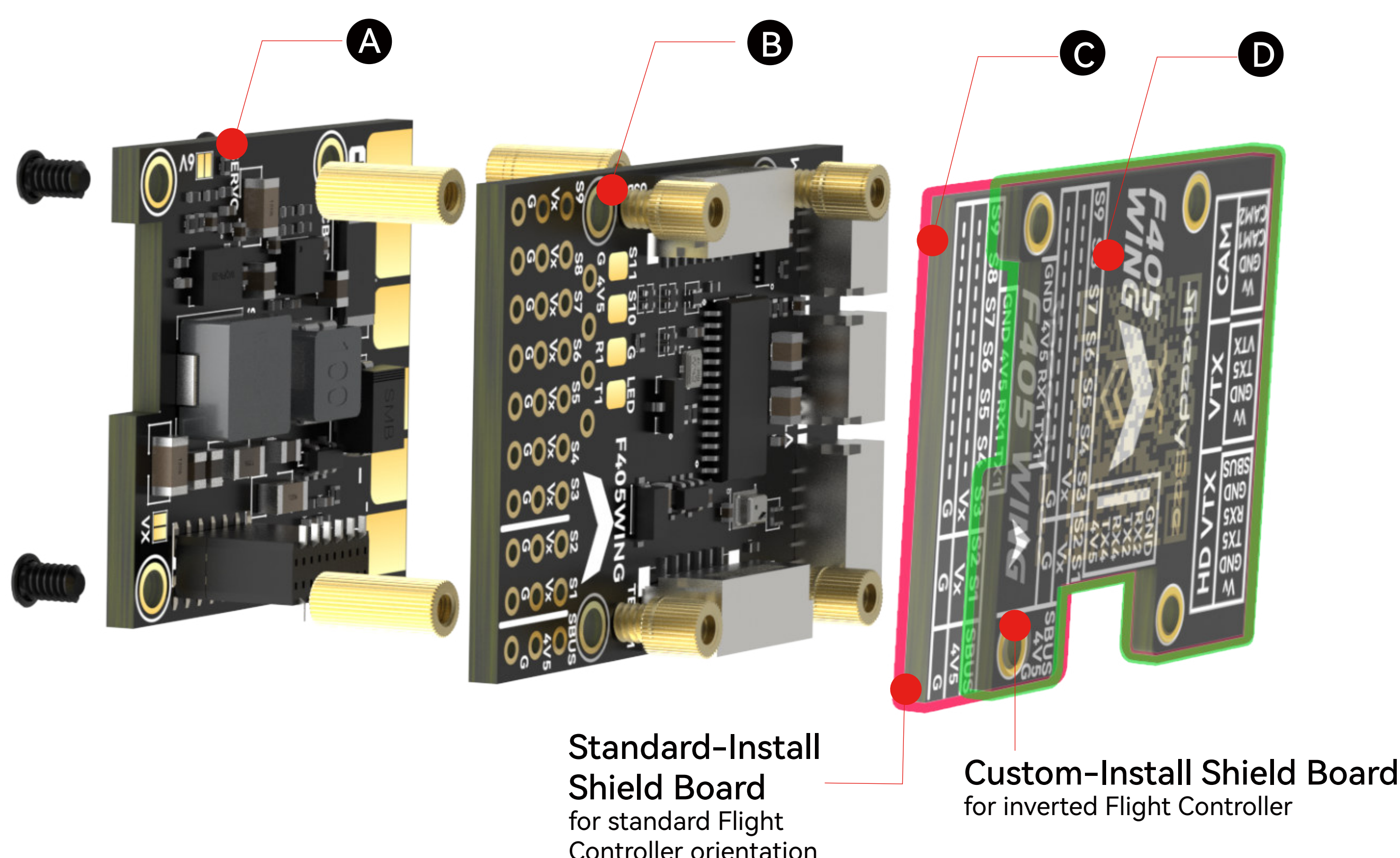
### Custom-Install Shield Board

Installation inverted Flight Controller



### Assembly Instructions

1. Assemble **A** (PDB Board) and **B** (FC Board), align pins, insert, and secure with screws and bolts.
2. For standard Flight Controller orientation, assemble **C** (Standard-Install Shield Board).
3. For inverted Flight Controller, assemble **D** (Custom-Install Shield Board).

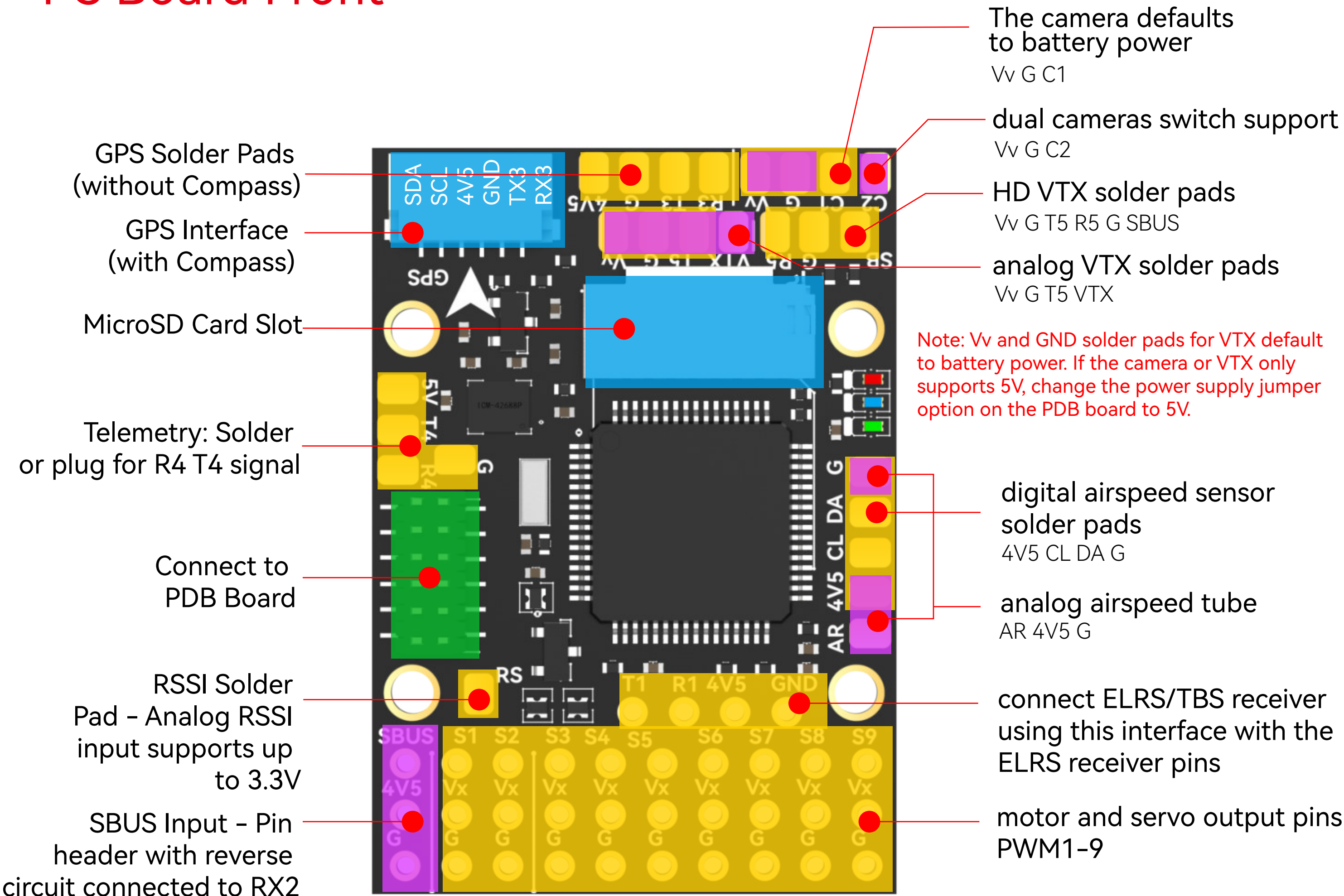




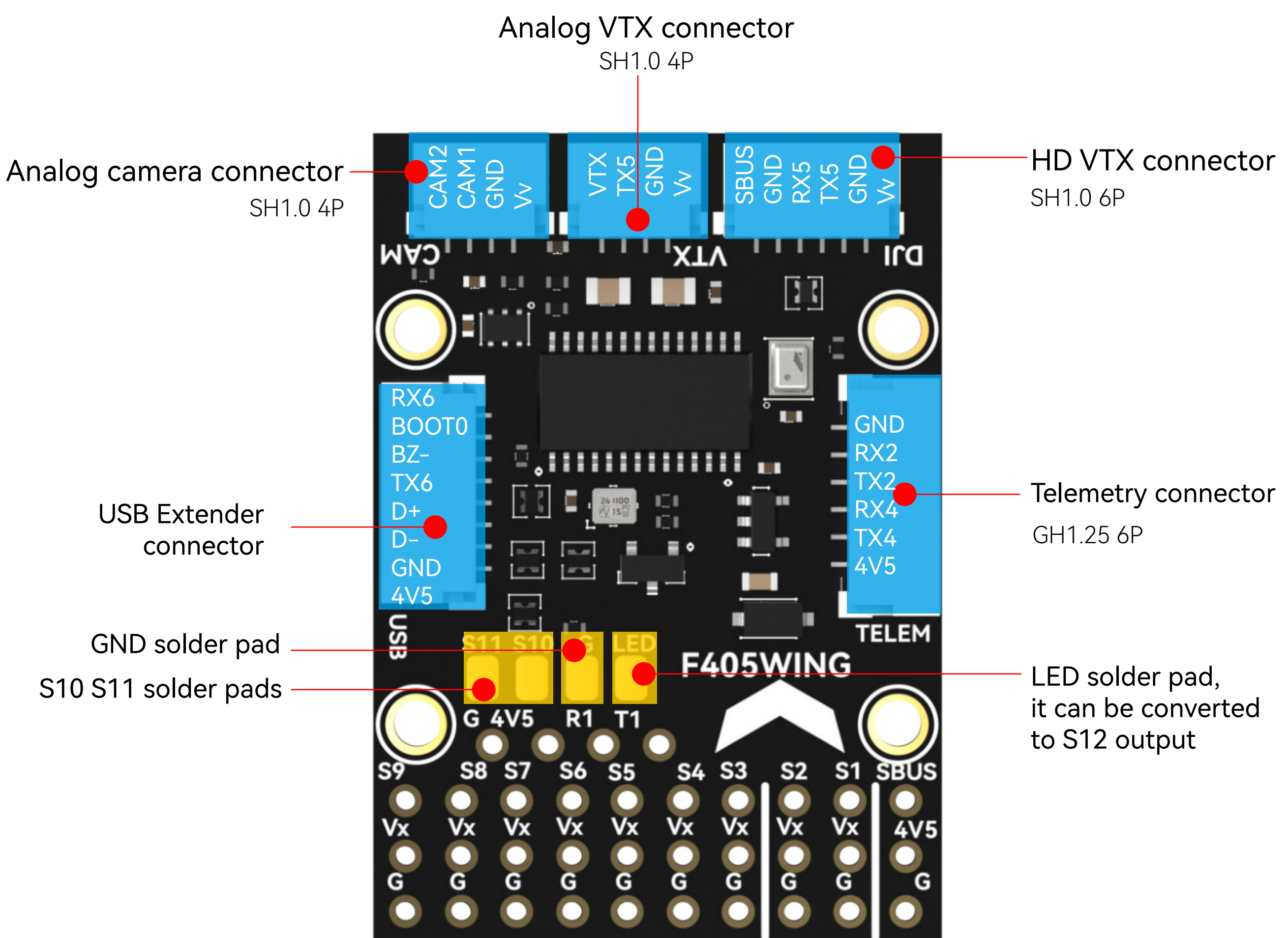
# Part2-Hardware Description

## Layout

### FC Board Front

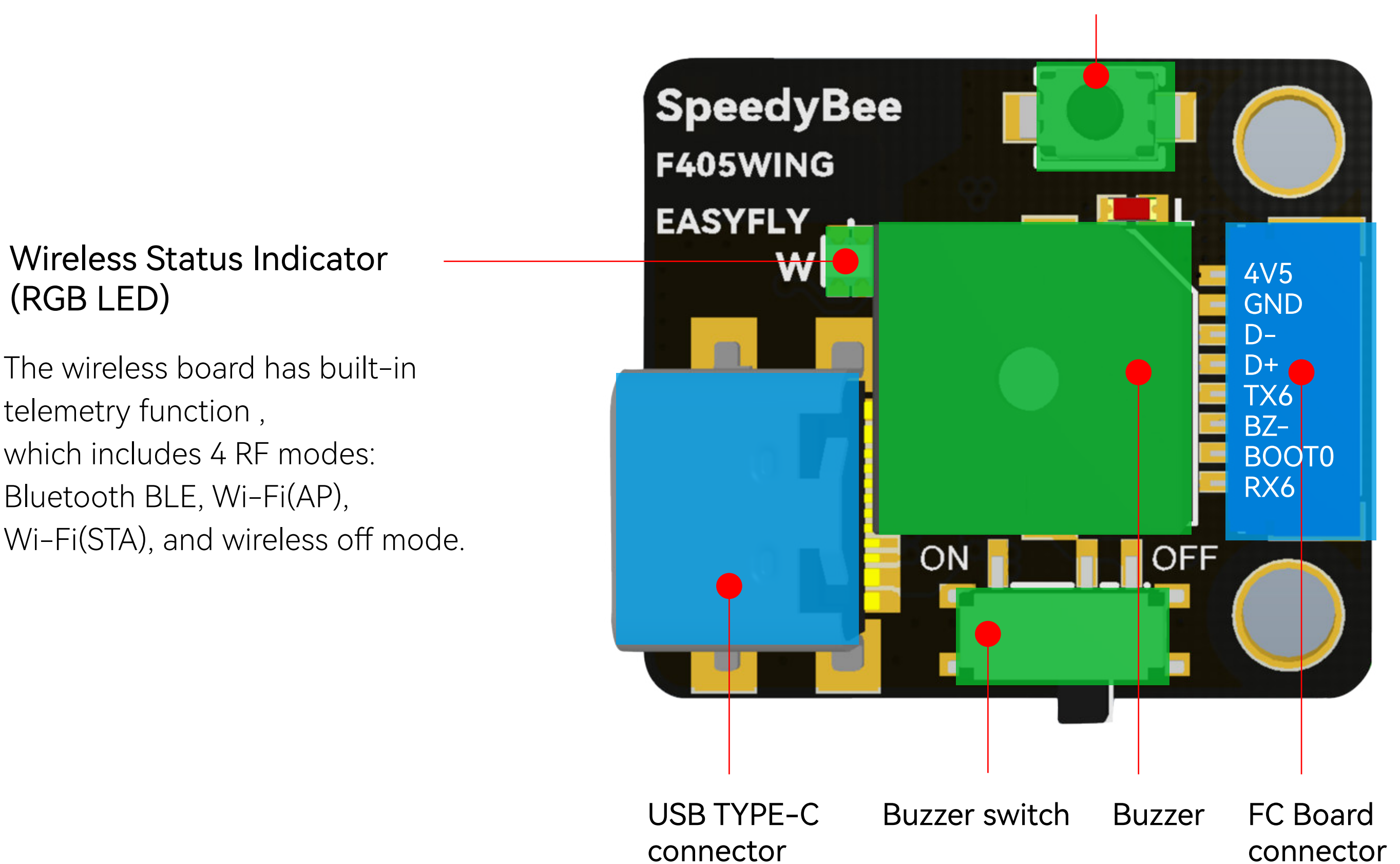


### FC Board Back



### USB Extender Front

**BOOT Button**  
 Hold BOOT button while powering on to enter DFU mode to flash the firmware.  
 Note that the BOOT button serves other functions when the flight controller is powered and running.



**Green Slow Flash:** Bluetooth BLE not connected  
**Solid Green:** Bluetooth BLE connected

**White Slow Flash:** Wi-Fi (AP) not connected  
**Solid White:** Wi-Fi (AP) connected

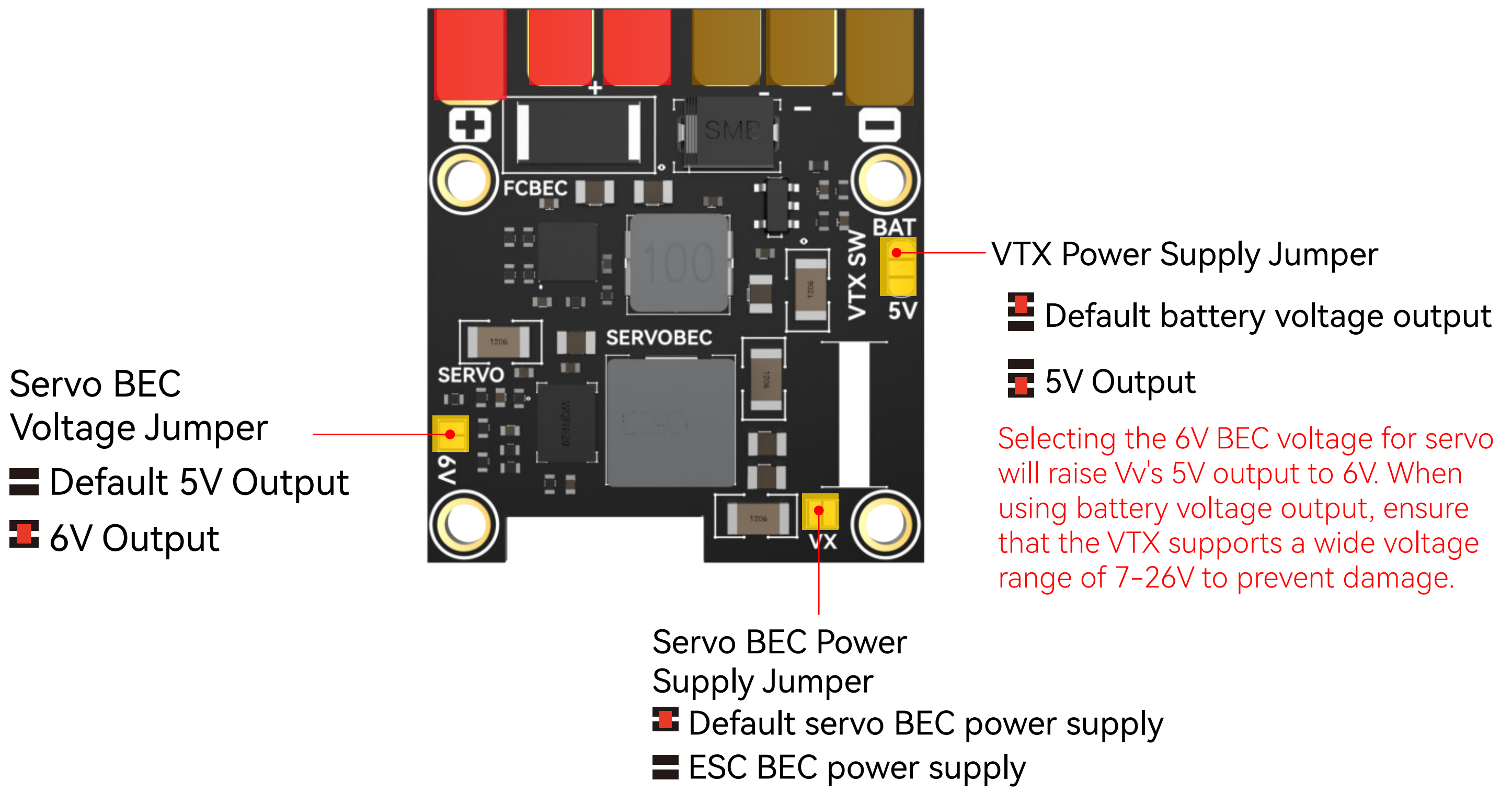
**Purple Slow Flash:** Wi-Fi (STA) not connected  
**Solid Purple:** Wi-Fi (STA) connected

RGB LED off: Wireless off.

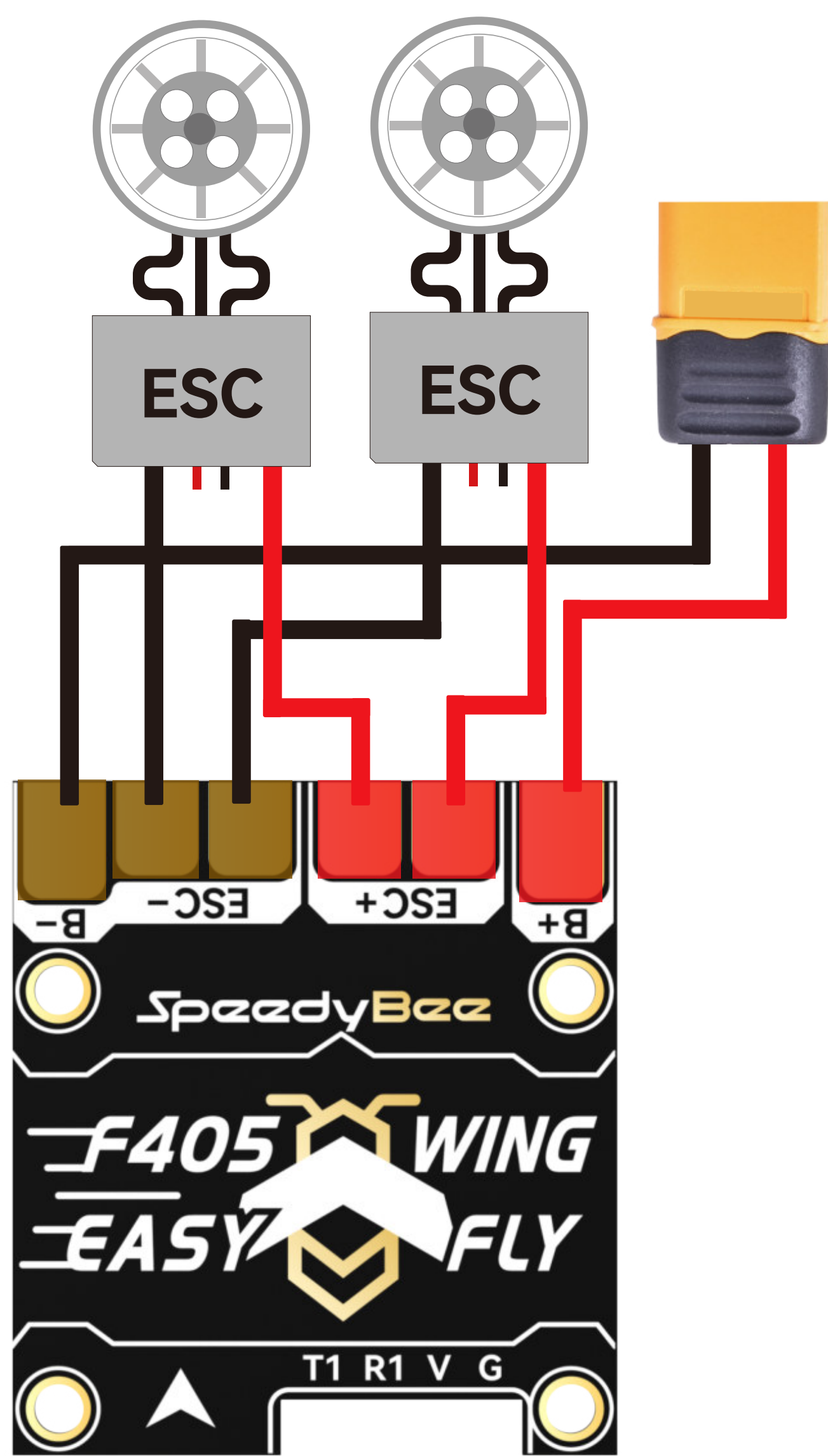
Press BOOT button for 6 seconds to switch between 4 wireless modes. When the yellow LED flashes rapidly and the device automatically restarts, the switch is successful.



## PDB Board Back

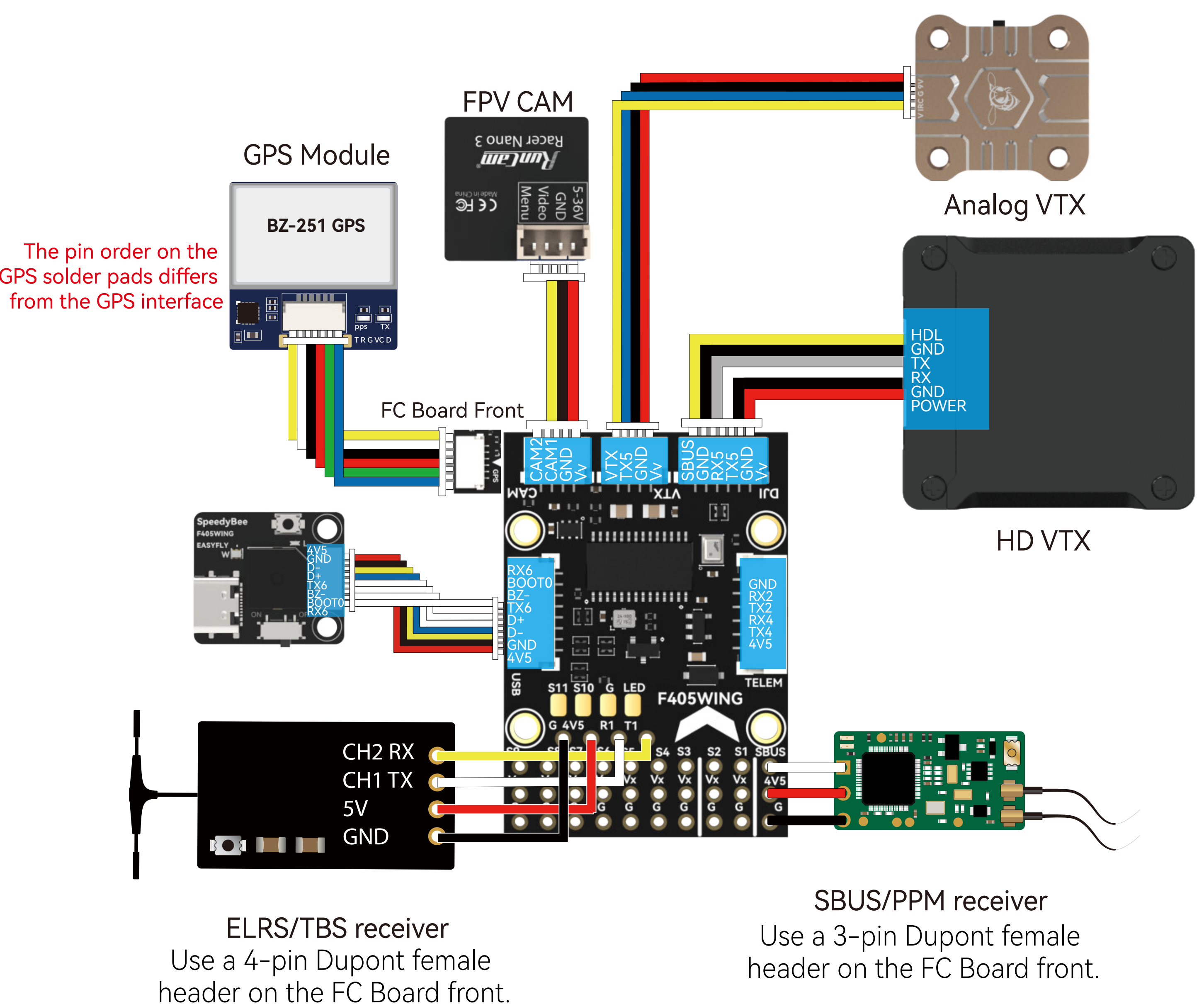


## PDB Board Front



## Peripheral Connection on FC Board

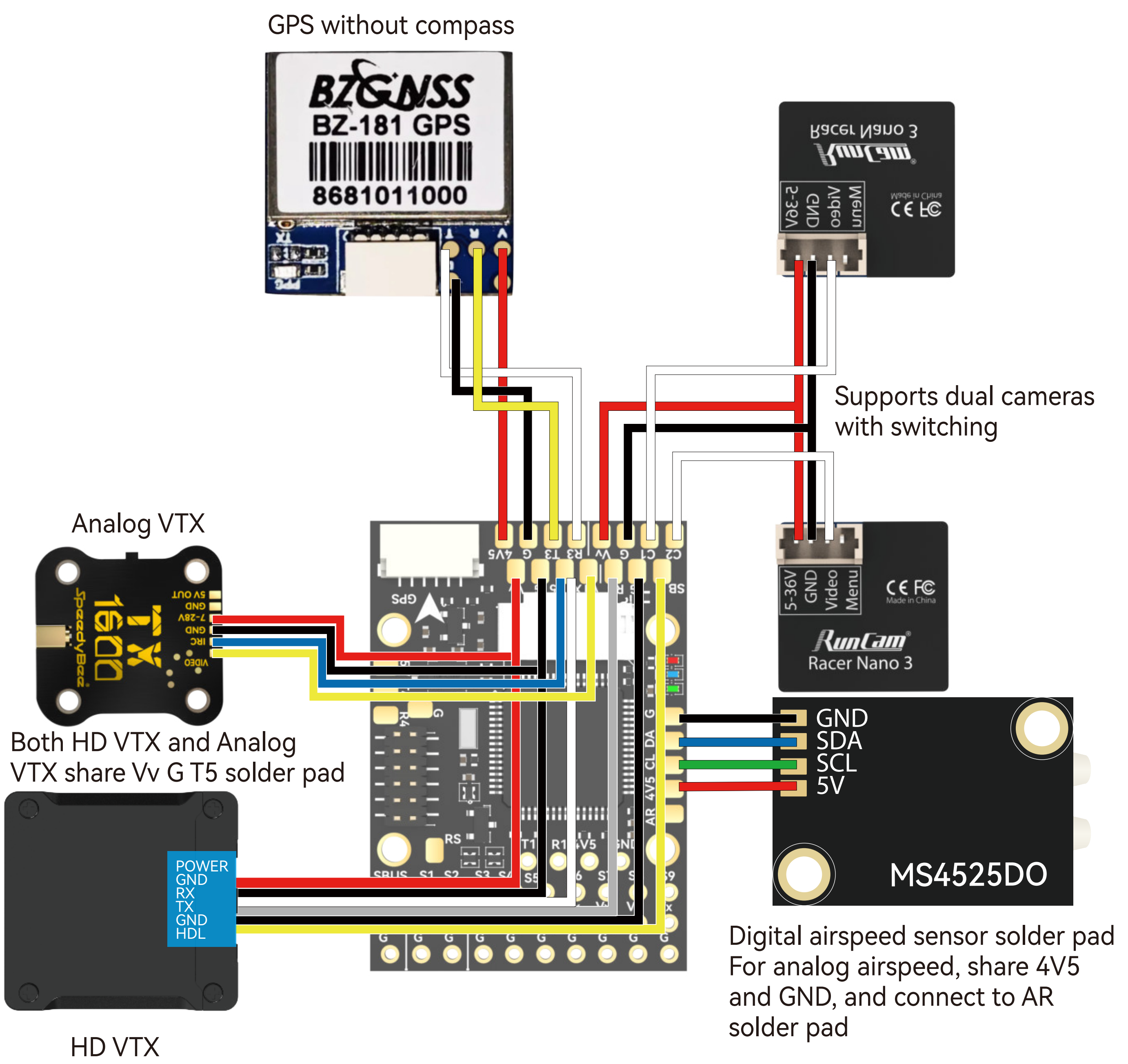
### Method 1, Plug and Play





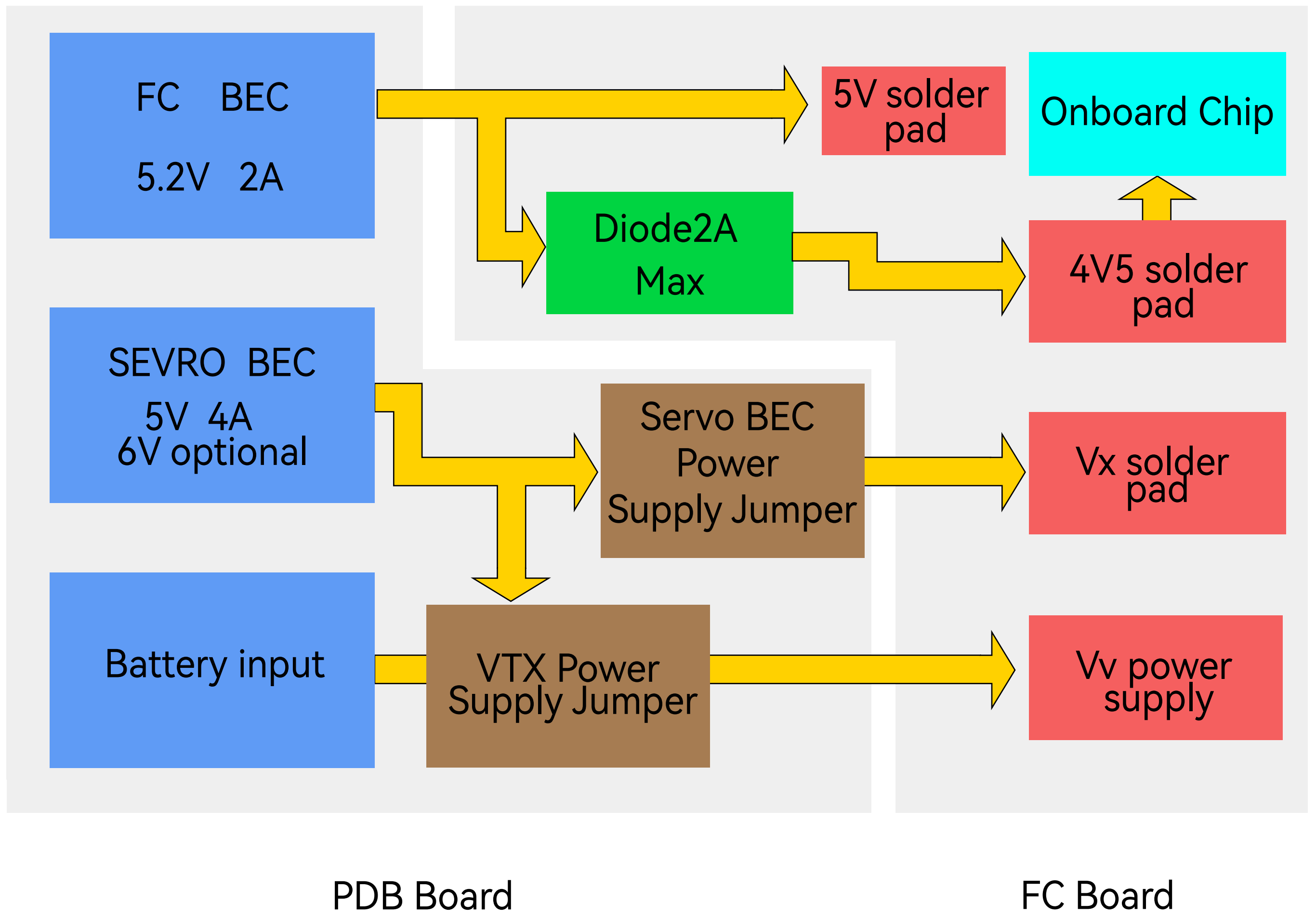
## Method 2, Soldering

### FC Front



## Power Supply

The layout for the F405 WING MINI is as follows



1, FC BEC default output is 5.2V, supplied in two routes:

- The first route is directly supplied to the 5V solder pads.
- The second route is supplied through a diode to the onboard chip and the 4V5 solder pads.

Please note that FC BEC can provide 2A continuous current and 3A peak current. The onboard chip requires power  $\leq 1A$ , GPS and receiver  $\leq 0.1A$ , and wireless controller  $\leq 0.1A$ . If connecting high-power telemetry or VTX to the 5V solder pads, ensure the operating current is  $\leq 0.8A$ .

2, The VTX power supply interface (Vv) can be set to two power ways: direct battery power or internal BEC 5V (shared with 5V4A Servo BEC).

- Factory setting is battery power, where Vv interface voltage is the same as the battery voltage.

Please note: Ensure the voltage of VTX and camera power supply matches the battery voltage, if not, damage may occur.

- By using **VTX Power Supply Jumper**, you can switch to 5V power supply. In this case, the Vv interface voltage will be 5V (if you choose this method, ensure the servo and VTX current are sufficient).

Please note: When Servo BEC Voltage Jumper is switched to 6V, the Vv interface voltage also switches to 6V.

3, Servo power supply (Vx pin header) defaults to being powered by Servo BEC at 5V. When Servo BEC is switched to 6V via **Servo BEC Voltage Jumper**, the voltage at the Vx pin header also switches to 6V.

Please note that if the ESC supports BEC output, do not connect the BEC red wire to the Vx pin header. Otherwise, it may damage the ESC or Servo BEC.

Alternatively, you can directly power it using the ESC's BEC, but you need to disconnect **Servo BEC Power Supply Jumper**. In this way, the power supply for the Vx pin header comes from an ESC's BEC.

4, Power supply recommendations:

- When using a digital VTX with a wide voltage input, you can use the default battery voltage for Vv.

- When using an analog VTX powered by 5V, you can switch Vv power supply voltage to Servo BEC's 5V supply. In this case, you can install up to four 9g servos to avoid insufficient current.

- When using aircraft with 64 or 70 EDF Jets, Servo BEC power supply may not be sufficient for servos and landing gear. You can disconnect **Servo BEC Power Supply Jumper** and directly use the ESC's BEC to power the devices.



# Part 3 - Firmware Upgrade and APP Connection

## Firmware Upgrade

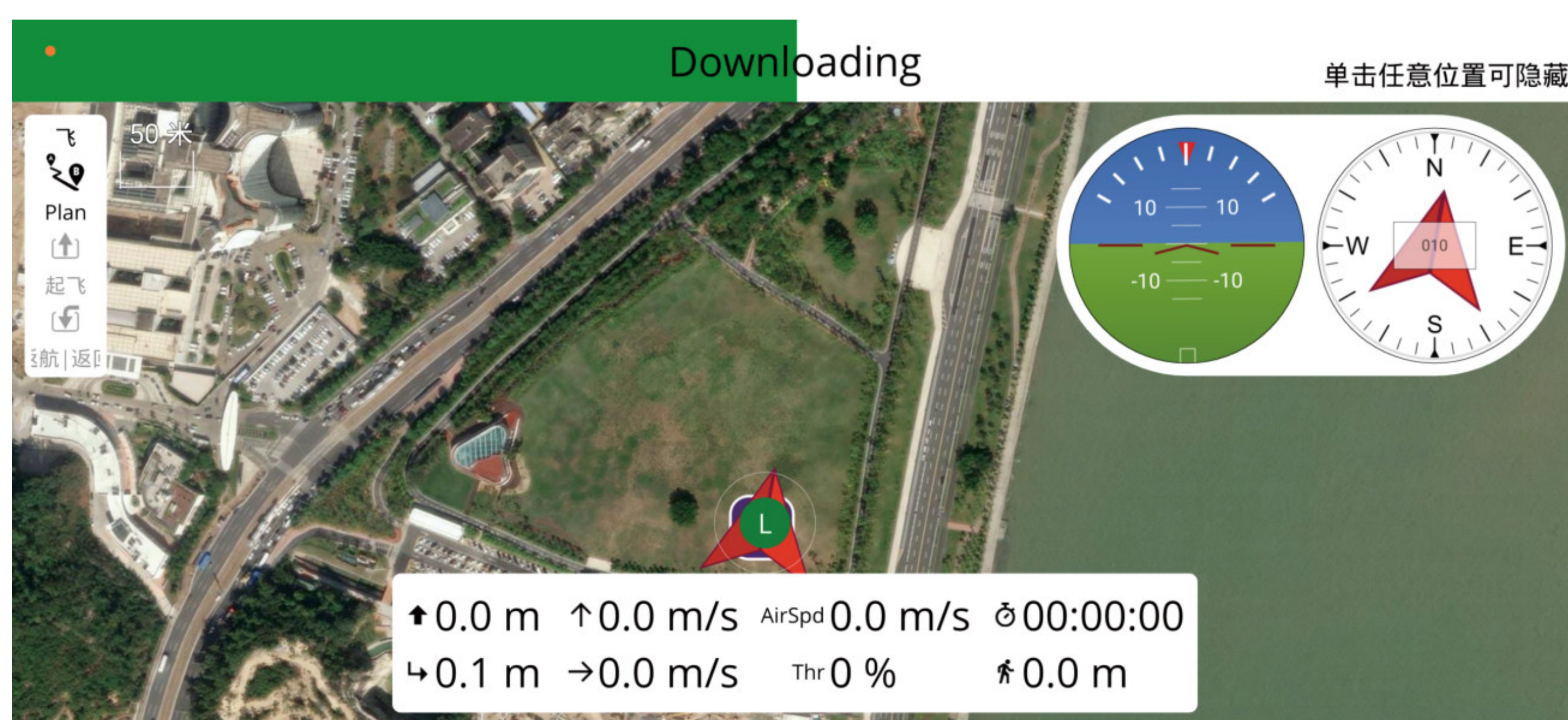
SpeedyBee F405 WING MINI does not support wireless firmware flashing. Please update the firmware using a computer by following these steps:

- ① Press and hold the BOOT button while connecting the FC to your computer via a USB cable.
- ② Open the INAV Configurator on your computer and navigate to the "Firmware Flasher" page. Select the flight controller target as "SPEEDYBEEF405WING" and proceed with flashing the firmware.
- ③ To flash ArduPilot firmware, follow the same steps as above. Select "Load Firmware [local]" and proceed with flashing the firmware.

## APP Connection

Connecting ArduPilot firmware to QGroundControl app

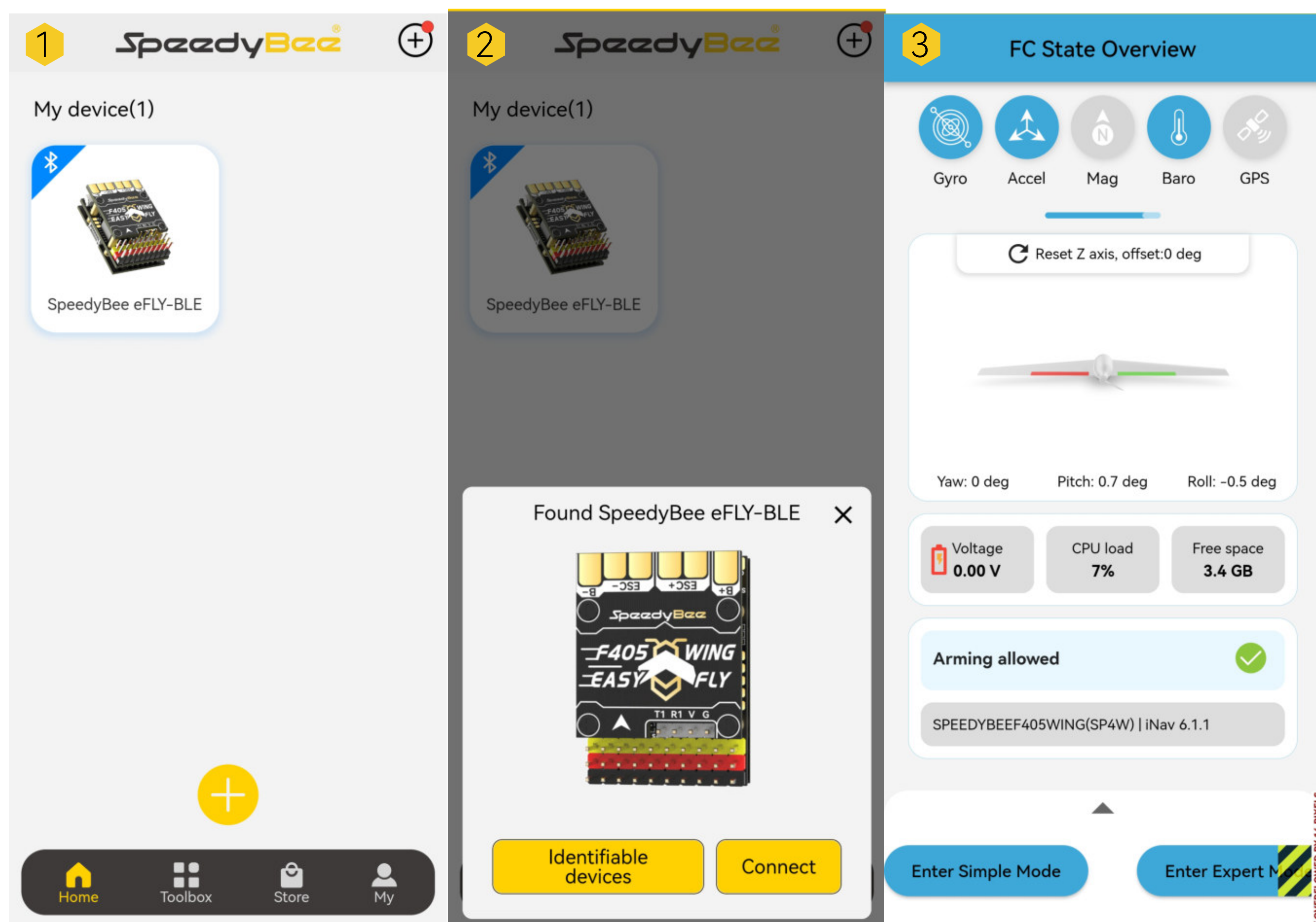
Check the color of the Wireless Status Indicator. If it's not White Slow Flash, press the BOOT button for 6 seconds to switch to White. Then connect to the "SpeedyBee eFLY-WIFI", and open QGroundControl, it will be automatically connected.



## APP Connection

Connecting INAV firmware to SpeedyBee APP

Check the color of the Wireless Status Indicator. If it is Green Slow Flash, open the SpeedyBee App and follow the steps to connect to the corresponding product.



- Support various firmwares and configurators which are shown as below
- Recommend:
  - low-power Bluetooth BLE mode for INAV firmware
  - WiFi mode for ArduPilot firmware.

	Bluetooth BLE	WiFi(AP)	WiFi(STA)
RF Power	20dBm	20dBm	20dBm
Firmware	INAV	ArduPilot	ArduPilot
Mobile APP	SpeedyBee APP (IOS& Android)	MissionPlanner Android QGroundControl (Android&IOS)	MissionPlanner Android QGroundControl (Android&IOS)
PC Configurator	iNav Configurator	MissionPlanner QGroundControl	MissionPlanner QGroundControl
Wireless Status Indicator	green light	white light	purple light
Distance	10~30m	10~35m	10~35m

# Part4-Specifications

## SpeedyBee F405 WING MINI FC board

Product Name	SpeedyBee F405 WING MINI FC board
MCU	STM32F405, 168MHz, 1MB Flash
IMU(Gyro&Accelerometer)	ICM-42688-P
Barometer	SPL006-001
OSD Chip	AT7456E
Blackbox	MicroSD Card Slot
UART	6 sets (USART1, USART2, USART3, UART4, UART5, UART6 - Dedicated for Wireless board Telemetry connection)
I2C	1x Used for magnetometer, digital airspeed sensor
ADC	4x (VBAT, Current, Analog RSSI, Analog AirSpeed)
PWM	12x (9x pin headers + 2x solder pads + 1x "LED" pad)
ELRS/CRSF Receiver	Supported, connected to UART1
SBUS	Built-in inverter for SBUS input (UART2-RX)
LED	3x LEDs for FC STATUS (Blue, Green) and 3.3V indicator (Red)
Analog RSSI	Supported, Named as "RS"
Dual Analog Camera Switching (Supported in INAV 7.0 and latest versions)	Default to Camera1 Video Input (C1). Switch between C1 and C2 using ArduPilot Relay or INAV Modes/USER. Both cameras should have the same video format, either PAL or NTSC.
Supported FC Firmware	INAV: SpeedyBeeF405WING (default) ArduPilot: SpeedyBeeF405WING
Weight	5.6g



# SpeedyBee F405 WING MINI PDB board

<b>Product Name</b>	<b>SpeedyBee F405 WING MINI PDB board</b>
Input voltage range	7~26V (2~6S LiPo)
Battery Voltage Sensor	Connect to FC board VBAT, 1K:10K (Scale 1100 in INAV, BATT_VOLT_MULT 11.0 in ArduPilot)
Battery Current Sensor	80A continuous, 150A peak Connect to FC board Current (Scale 195 in INAV, 50 AV in ArduPilot)
TVS Protective diode	Yes
FC BEC output	Output 5.2V +/- 0.1V DC Continuous current 2 Amps, 3A Peak Designed for FC, Receiver, GPS module, AirSpeed Sensor, Telemetry module
VTX & Camera power supply	The VTX power interface Vv offers two power supply options: direct battery voltage or integrated BEC 5V (sharing the 5V4A Servo BEC voltage) By default, it is set to battery voltage <b>(Ensure the VTX and camera input voltage range is compatible)</b> Switching to 5V power supply is possible via pad jumper (using Servo BEC output) <b>(If using this method, ensure the current requirements for both servo and VTX are sufficient)</b>
Servo BEC output	Output 5V +/- 0.1V DC Continuous current 4 Amps, 5A Peak Voltage adjustable, 5V Default, 6V via jumper Designed for Servos.
Weight	5.5g

# SpeedyBee F405 WING MINI Wireless USB Extender

<b>Product Name</b>	<b>SpeedyBee F405 WING MINI Wireless USB Extender</b>
Wireless Configuration (long press BOOT button for 6 seconds to switch modes)	BLE mode, connect to Speedybee APP
<b>INAV:Please make sure the MSP switch on UART 6 is turned on and set to a baud rate of 115200</b> <b>ArduPilot:Please make sure the Serial 6 is set to baud rate 115200 and protocol Mavlink2</b>	Wi-Fi (AP)mode, able to connect to Speedybee APP, QGroundControl APP, MissionPlanner, etc. WiFi: Speedybee eFLY-WIFI Password: 88888888
	Wi-Fi (STA)mode, able to connect to QGroundControl APP, MissionPlanner, etc. Step 1: turn on Personal Hotspot; Step 2: Set hotspot, locate NAME/Device Name/Hotspot name/etc. Step 3: change the current name to eFLY and the password is, 88888888
	Wireless off mode
USB Port Type	Type-C
Buzzer	5V Active Buzzer
Weight	3.2g

# Part5-pin mapping

## ◆ INAV mapping

UART			
USB		USB	
TX1 RX1	5V tolerant I/O	UART1	ELRS/TBS receiver
TX2 RX2 SBUS	5V tolerant I/O	SBUS pad	SBUS receiver, SBUS pad = RX2 with inverter
		TX2	SmartPort Open "Configuration" tab, scroll to "Other Features",enable "CPU based serial ports", save and reboot. In "Ports" tab, select "SOFTSERIAL2", set telemetry to "SmartPort", save and reboot.
TX3 RX3	5V tolerant I/O	UART3	GPS
TX4 RX4	5V tolerant I/O	UART4	USER
TX5 RX5	5V tolerant I/O	UART5	DJI OSD/VTX
TX6 RX6	5V tolerant I/O	UART6	Onboard wireless controller

PWM		TIMER	INAV Plane	INAV MultiRotor
S1	5V tolerant I/O	TIM4_CH2	Motor	Motor
S2	5V tolerant I/O	TIM4_CH1	Motor	Motor
S3	5V tolerant I/O	TIM3_CH3	Servo	Motor
S4	5V tolerant I/O	TIM3_CH4	Servo	Motor
S5	5V tolerant I/O	TIM8_CH3	Servo	Motor
S6	5V tolerant I/O	TIM8_CH4	Servo	Motor
S7	5V tolerant I/O	TIM8_CH2N	Servo	Servo
S8	5V tolerant I/O	TIM2_CH1	Servo	Servo
S9	5V tolerant I/O	TIM2_CH3	Servo	Servo
S10	5V tolerant I/O	TIM2_CH4	Servo	Servo
S11	5V tolerant I/O	TIM12_CH2	Servo	Servo
LED	5V tolerant I/O	TIM1_CH1	WS2812LED	WS2812LED
	Open "Configuration" tab, scroll to "Other Features", enable "Multi-color RGB LED strip support", save and reboot. In "Led Strip" tab of INAV GUI, configure LED colors and behaviors , then save.			

ADC			
VBAT	1K:10K divider builtin 0~30V	VBAT ADC ADC_CHANNEL_1	voltage scale 1100
CURR	0~3.3V	CURRENT_METER ADC ADC_CHANNEL_2	Current scale 195
AIRSPD	10K:10K divider builtin 0~6.6V	AIRSPEED ADC ADC_CHANNEL_3	Analog Airspeed
RSSI	0~3.3V	RSSI ADC ADC_CHANNEL_4	Analog RSSI

I2C			
I2C1	5V tolerant I/O	onboard Barometer	SPL06-001
		Compass	QMC5883 / HMC5883 / MAG3110 / LIS3MDL
		Digital Airspeed sensor	MS4525
		OLED	0.96"

## ◆ ArduPilot mapping

USB	USB	SERIAL0	Console
TX1 RX1	USART1(With DMA)	SERIAL1	ELRS/TBS receiver Serial RC input
TX2 RX2 SBUS	SBUS pad	<b>BRD_ALT_CONFIG 0 Default</b>	SBUS receiver, SBUS pad = RX2 with inverter
	RX2		IBUS/DSM/PPM
	USART2	<b>BRD_ALT_CONFIG 1 SERIAL2</b>	USER
TX3 RX3	USART3	SERIAL3	GPS1
TX4 RX4	UART4	SERIAL4	USER
TX5 RX5	UART5	SERIAL5	DJI OSD/VTX
TX6 RX6	USART6	SERIAL6	Telem1

**\*If sending highspeed serial data (eg. 921600 baud) to the board, use USART1(Serial1).**

PWM		TIMER		
S1	PWM1 GPIO50	TIM4_CH2	PWM/DShot(DMA)	Group1
S2	PWM2 GPIO51	TIM4_CH1	PWM/DShot(DMA)	
S3	PWM3 GPIO52	TIM3_CH3	PWM/DShot(DMA)	Group2
S4	PWM4 GPIO53	TIM3_CH4	PWM/DShot(DMA)	
S5	PWM5 GPIO54	TIM8_CH3	PWM/DShot(DMA)	Group3
S6	PWM6 GPIO55	TIM8_CH4	PWM/DShot(DMA)	
S7	PWM7 GPIO56	TIM8_CH2N	PWM/DShot(DMA)	
S8	PWM8 GPIO57	TIM2_CH1	PWM/DShot(DMA)	Group4
S9	PWM9 GPIO58	TIM2_CH3	PWM/DShot(DMA)	
S10	PWM10 GPIO59	TIM2_CH4	PWM/DShot(DMA)	
S11	PWM11 GPIO60	TIM1_CH3N	PWM/DShot(DMA)	Group5
LED	PWM12 GPIO61	TIM1_CH1	PWM/DShot(DMA)	

**\*All motor/servo outputs are DShot and PWM capable. However, mixing DShot and normal PWM operation for outputs is restricted into groups, ie. enabling DShot for an output in a group requires that ALL outputs in that group be configured and used as DShot, rather than PWM outputs. LED, which corresponds to PWM12, is set as the default output for NeoPixel1. Therefore, if you need to use PWM11 as an output, you need to disable the NeoPixel1 function on PWM12.**

ADC				
VBAT	1K:10K divider builtin 0~30V	Battery voltage	BATT_VOLT_PIN	10
			BATT_VOLT_MULT	11.05
CURR	0~3.3V	Current sense	BATT_CURR_PIN	11
			BATT_AMP_PERVLT	50
AIRSPD	10K:10K divider builtin 0~6.6V	Analog Airspeed	ARSPD_ANA_PIN	15
			ARSPD_TYPE	2
RSSI	0~3.3V	Analog RSSI	RSSI_ANA_PIN	14
			RSSI_TYPE	2

I2C				
I2C1	5V tolerant I/O	onboard Barometer	SPL06-001	
		Compass	COMPASS_AUTODEC	
		Digital Airspeed sensor MS4525 ASP5033	ARSPD_BUS	<b>0</b>
			ARSPD_TYPE	<b>1</b>
			ARSPD_TYPE	<b>15</b>



# Part6-Standard settings

## ● FC Inverted Settings

### ● Hardware Installation

According to the diagram in Part 1, if you choose to install the FC in the standard Flight Controller orientation, you can use the default parameters.

If you choose to install the FC inverted (with the PDB board facing the ground and the Custom-Install Shield Board facing the sky), you will need to make the following settings.

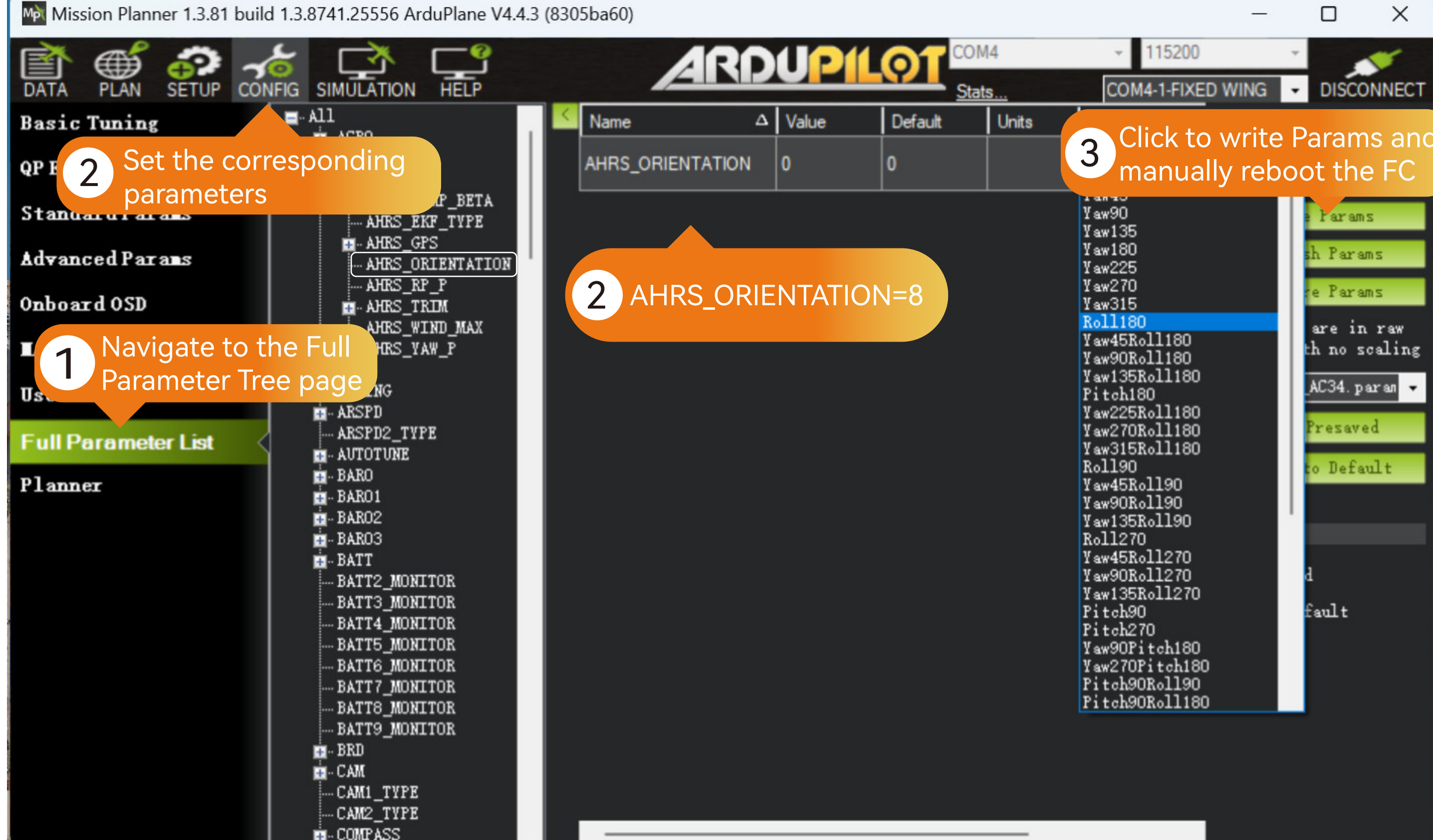
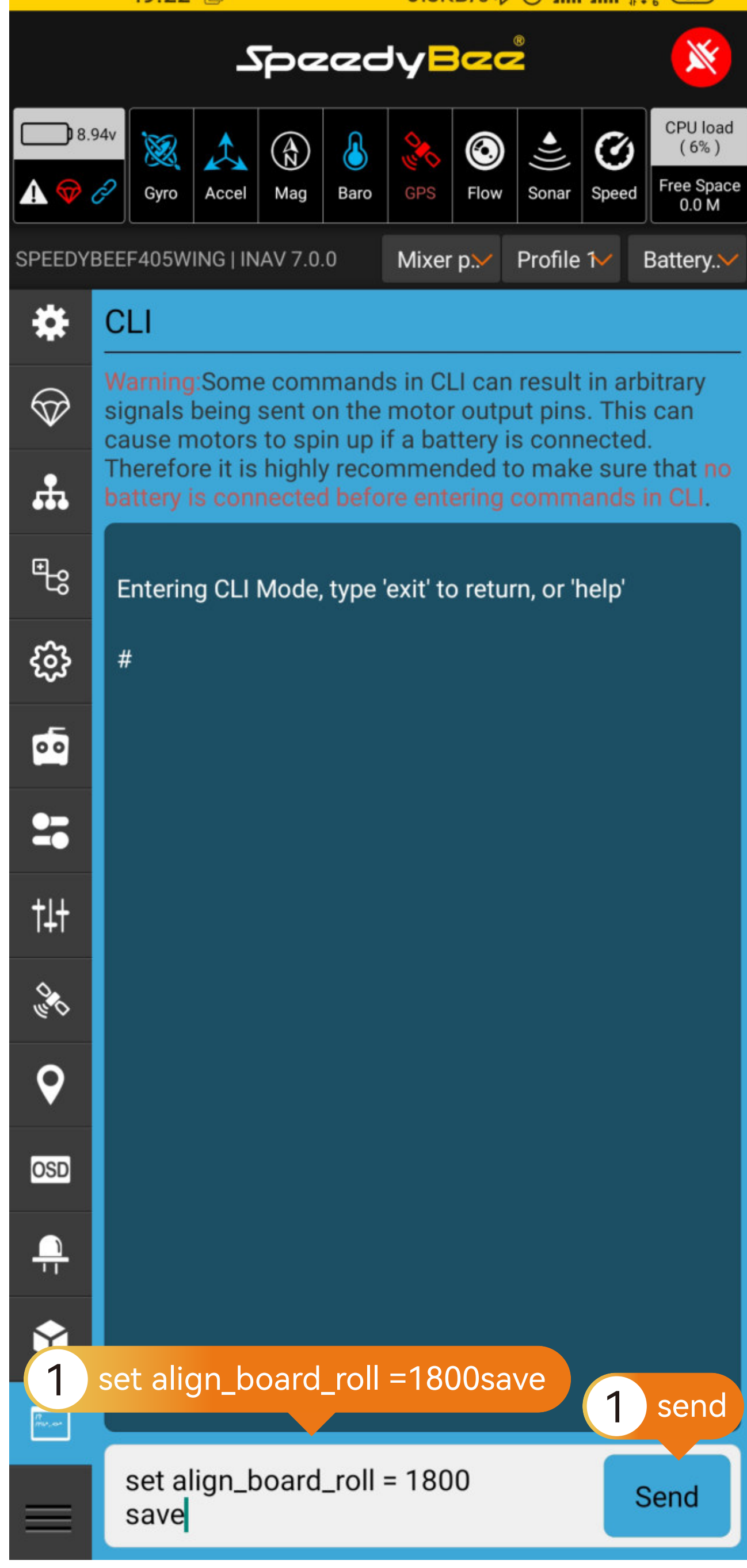
### ① INAV Settings

① On the CLI page, enter the following commands in the input box:  
set align\_board\_roll = 1800  
save

②Click "Send," and the FC will save the parameters and restart.

### ② ArduPilot Settings

Go to the parameter settings in MissionPlanner, Set the parameter AHRS\_ORIENTATION=8 (Option is Roll180), and manually restart.

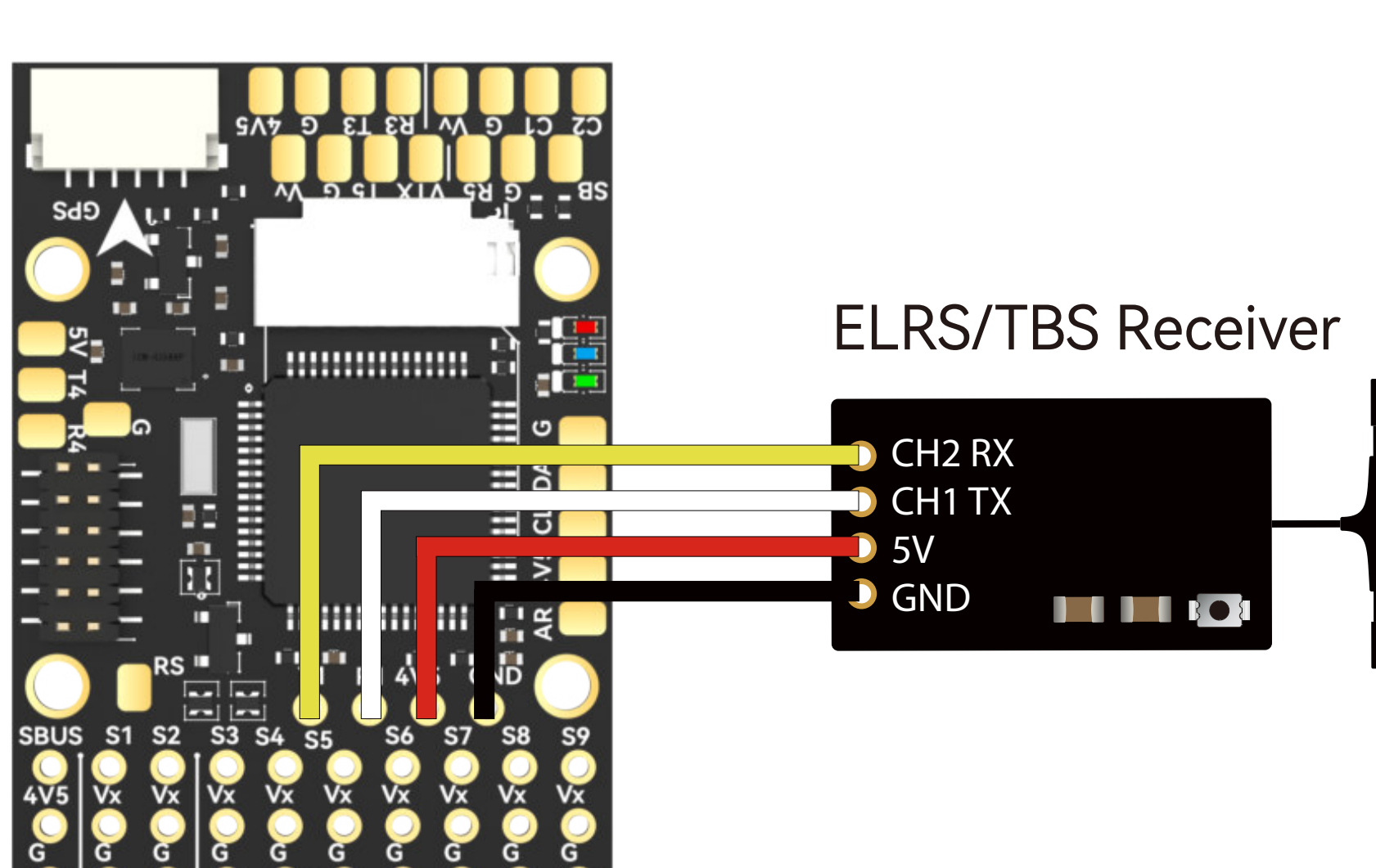


## ● Receiver Settings

### ● ELRS/TBS Receiver

Hardware Connection :

Solder the receiver using a 4-pin Dupont single-head cable, then plug the Dupont cable into the corresponding pin header.



### ① INAV Settings

Detectable with default settings.

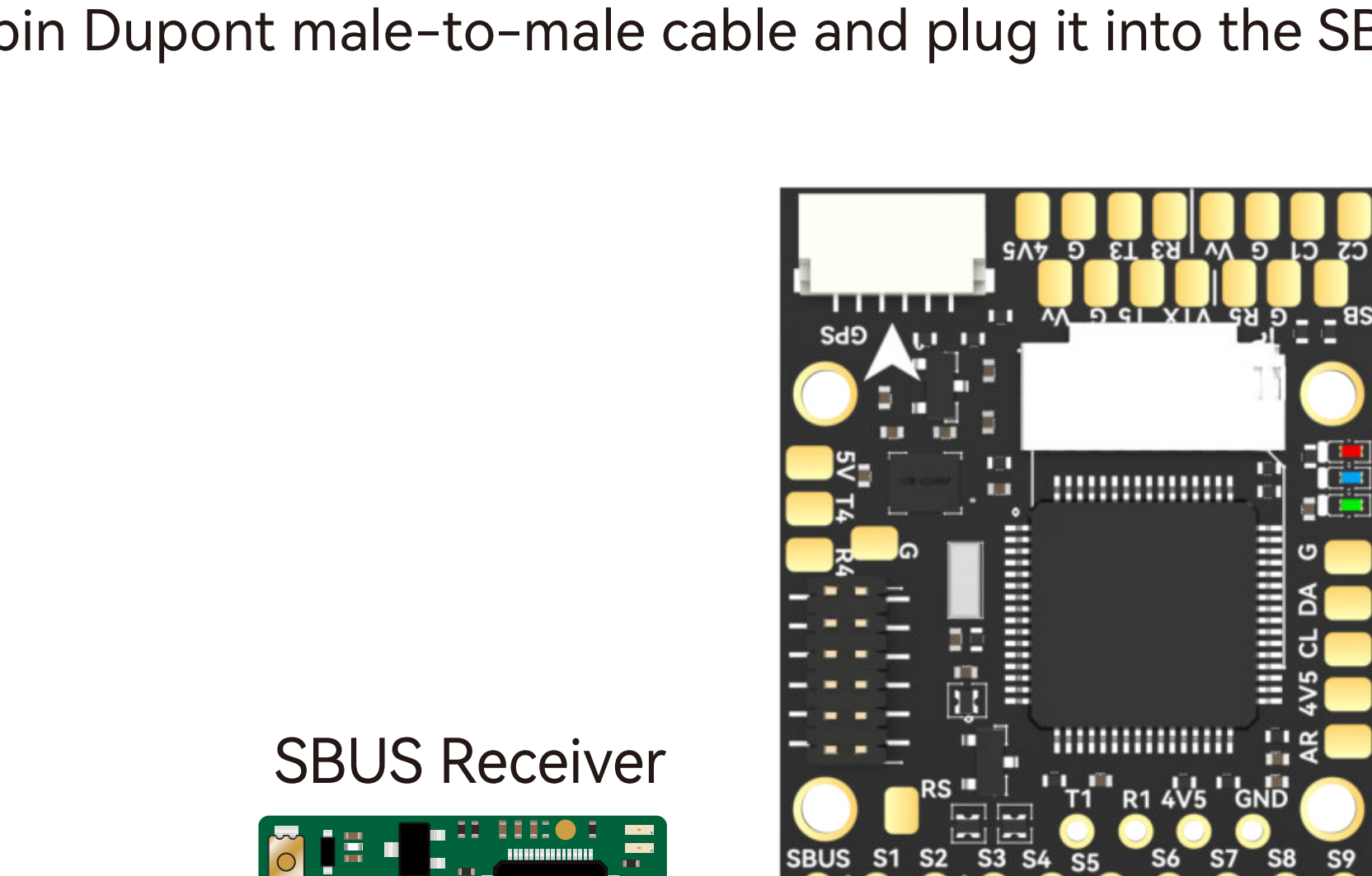
### ② ArduPilot Settings

Detectable with default settings.

## ● SBUS Receiver

Hardware Connection:

Use a 3-pin Dupont male-to-male cable and plug it into the SBUS input pin header.



### ① INAV Settings

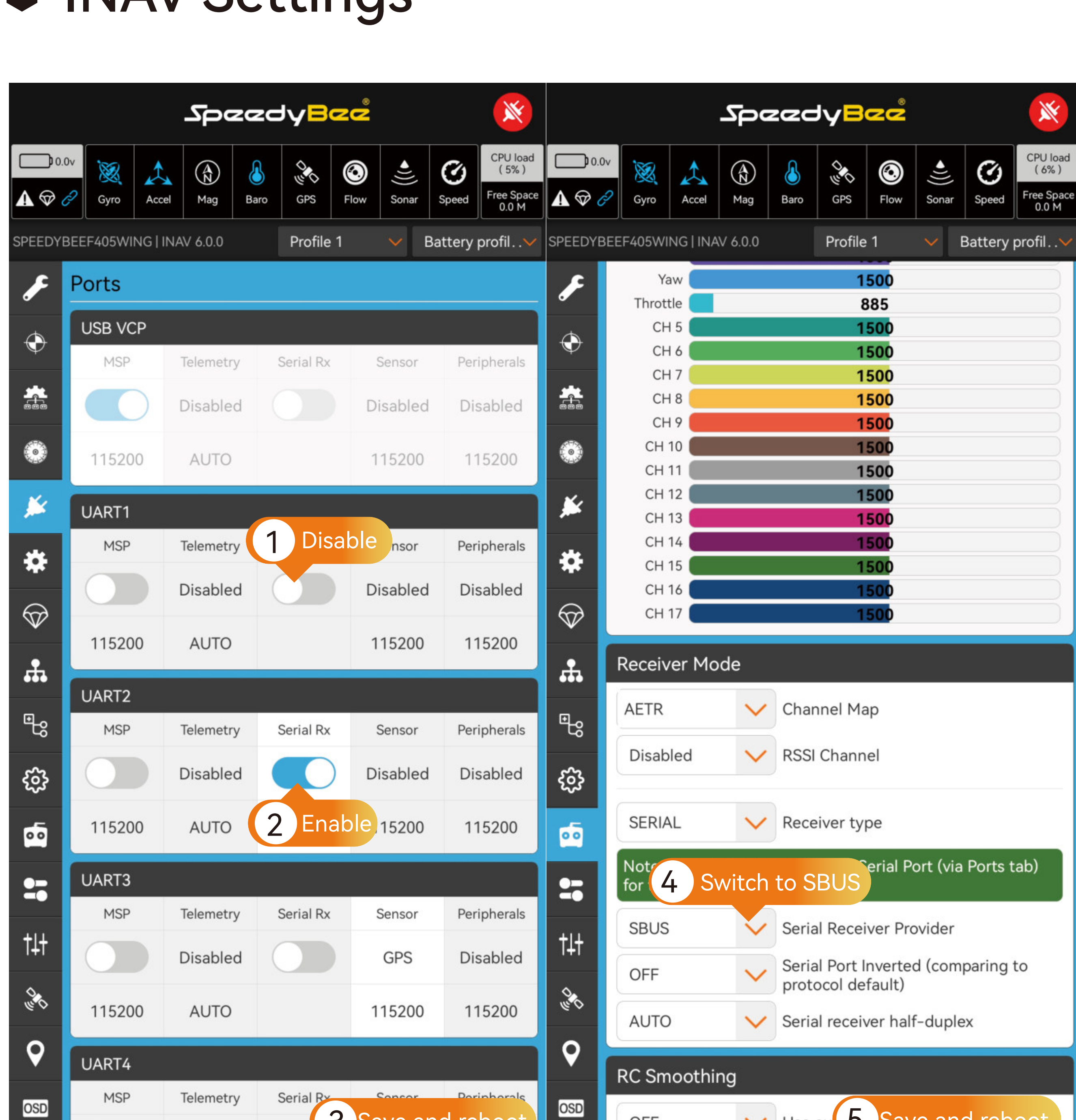
①In the Ports tab, disable Serial RX for UART1, enable Serial RX for UART2, then save and reboot.

②Switch the CRSF protocol to SBUS in the Receiver tab, then save and reboot.

### ② ArduPilot Settings

Detectable with default settings.

## ● INAV Settings



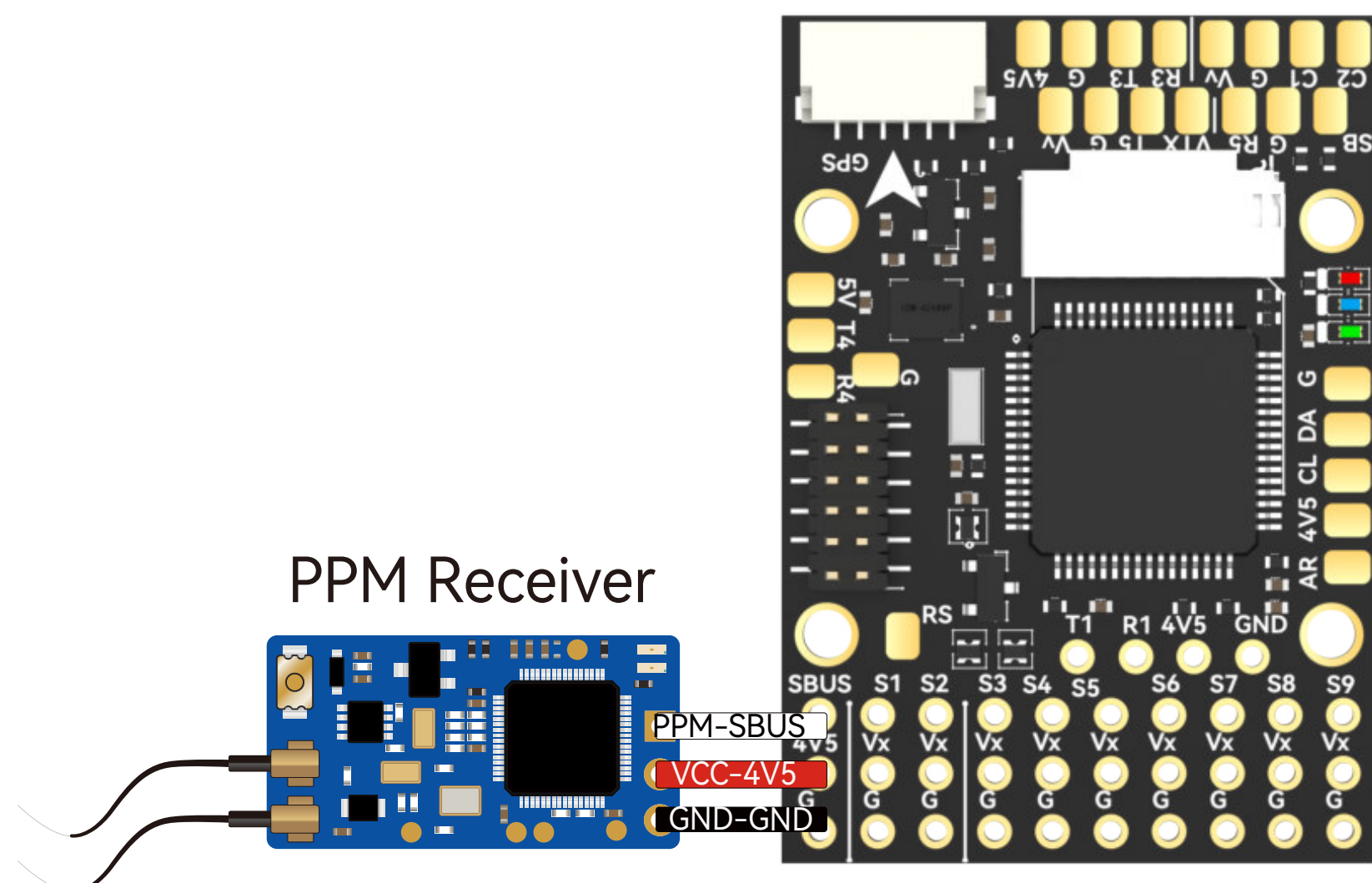


## PPM Receiver:

### Hardware Connection:

Use a 3-pin Dupont male-to-male cable and plug it into the SBUS input pin header.

PPM receivers only supported in INAV 3.x and below.



### 1 INAV Settings

INAV does not support

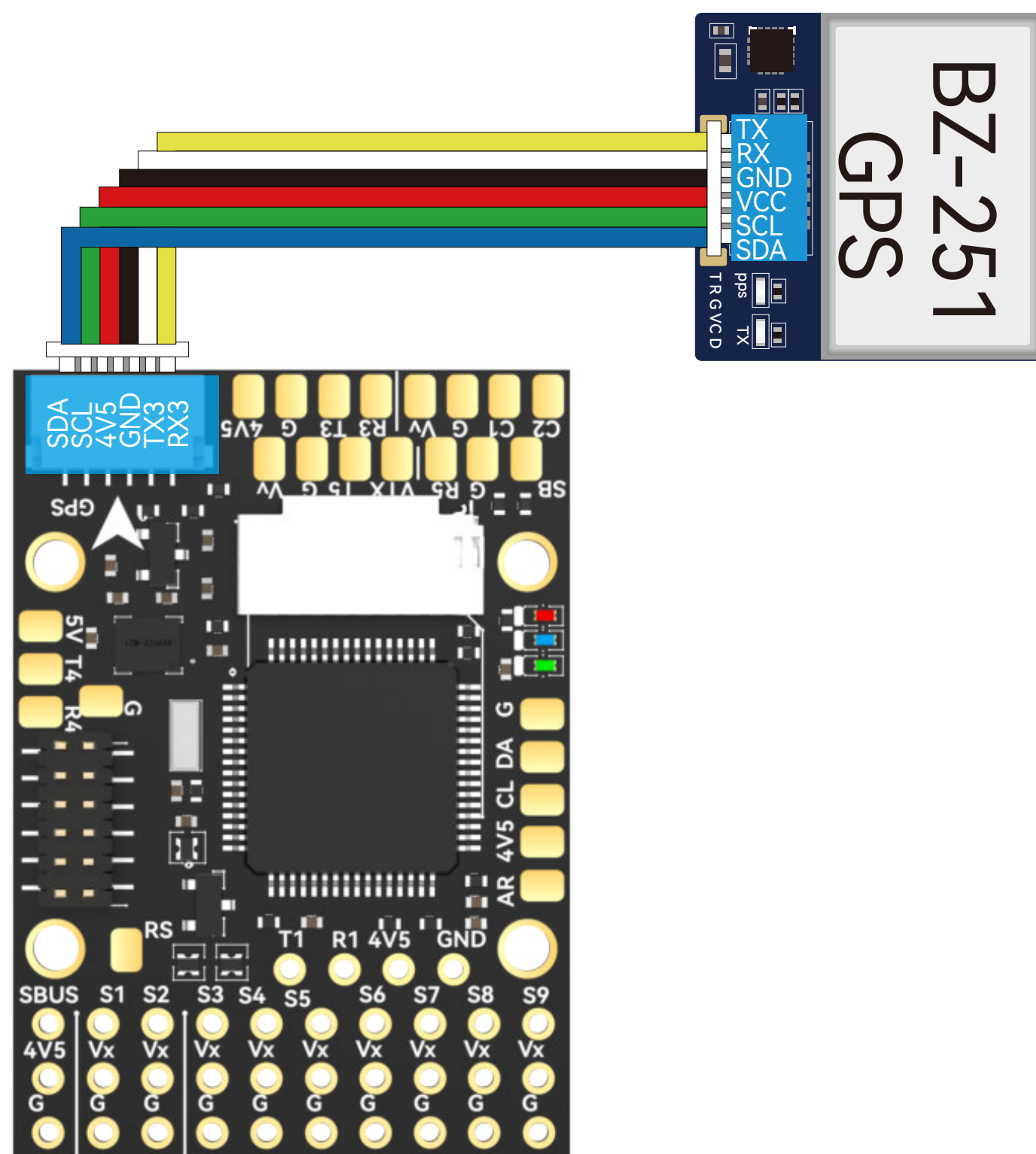
### 2 ArduPilot Settings

Detectable with default settings.

## GPS Settings

### Hardware Connection:

Rearrange the pre-crimped JST SH1.0 cables of the GPS Module Cable according to the GPS module's pin layout. Insert them into the 6-pin JST SH1.0 housing. The BZ-251 GPS module is recommended.



### 1 INAV Settings

In the GPS tab, enable GPS for navigation and telemetry, then save and reboot. If not using a UBLOX module, refer to the specifications of the corresponding module and select the appropriate baud rate and protocol.

### 2 ArduPilot Settings

Supports two types of GPS protocols - UBLOX and NMEA, with UBLOX protocol as the default. UBLOX M8N, M9, and M10 modules are automatically recognized.

## INAV Settings

The left screenshot shows the 'GPS for navigation and telemetry' settings. A callout '1 Enable' points to the 'GPS for navigation and telemetry' toggle, which is turned on. Below it, the 'Protocol' is set to 'UBLOX'. A note states: 'Note: NMEA protocol is deprecated and might be removed in the future. Please use UBLOX or UBLOX7 protocol instead.' Other settings include 'Ground Assistance Type' (Disabled), 'Gps use Galileo Satellites' (off), 'Timezone Offset [Mins]' (0), and 'Automatic Daylight Savings Time' (OFF). At the bottom, a '2 Save and reboot' callout points to the 'Save and Reboot' button.

The right screenshot shows the UART settings. It displays five UART ports (UART2 to UART5) and their configurations. UART2 and UART3 are configured for 'Telemetry' with a baud rate of '115200'. UART3 is also configured for 'GPS' with a baud rate of '115200'. At the bottom, a '2 Save and reboot' callout points to the 'Save and Reboot' button.



## Compass (Magnetometer) Settings

### Hardware Connection:

Use the recommended BZ-251 GPS module with an integrated QMC5883 compass. Install the GPS module away from the power supply lines, Motors, ESCs, and hatch magnets to avoid electromagnetic interference. Confirm the signal lines are connected as SDA to SDA, SCL to SCL.

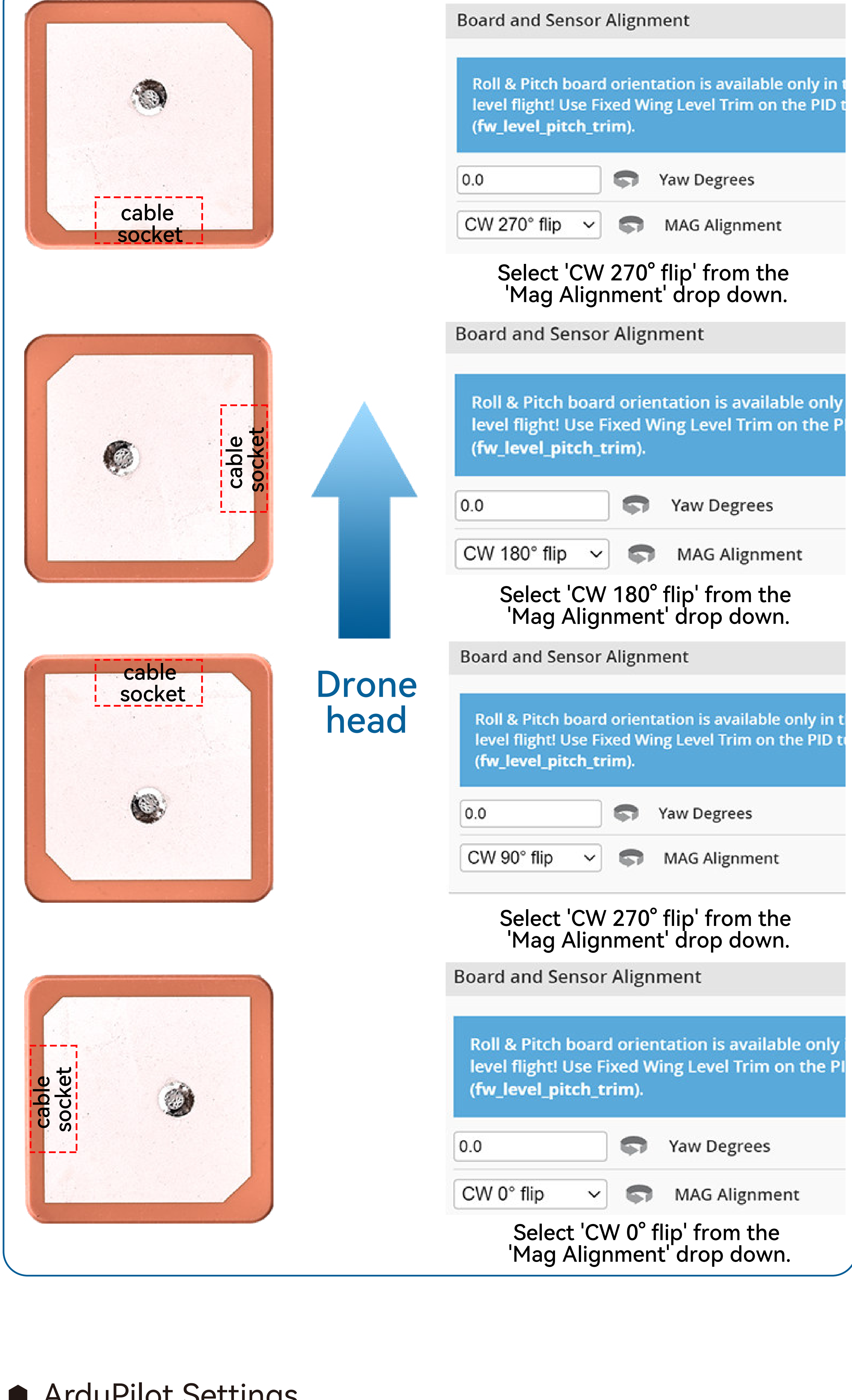
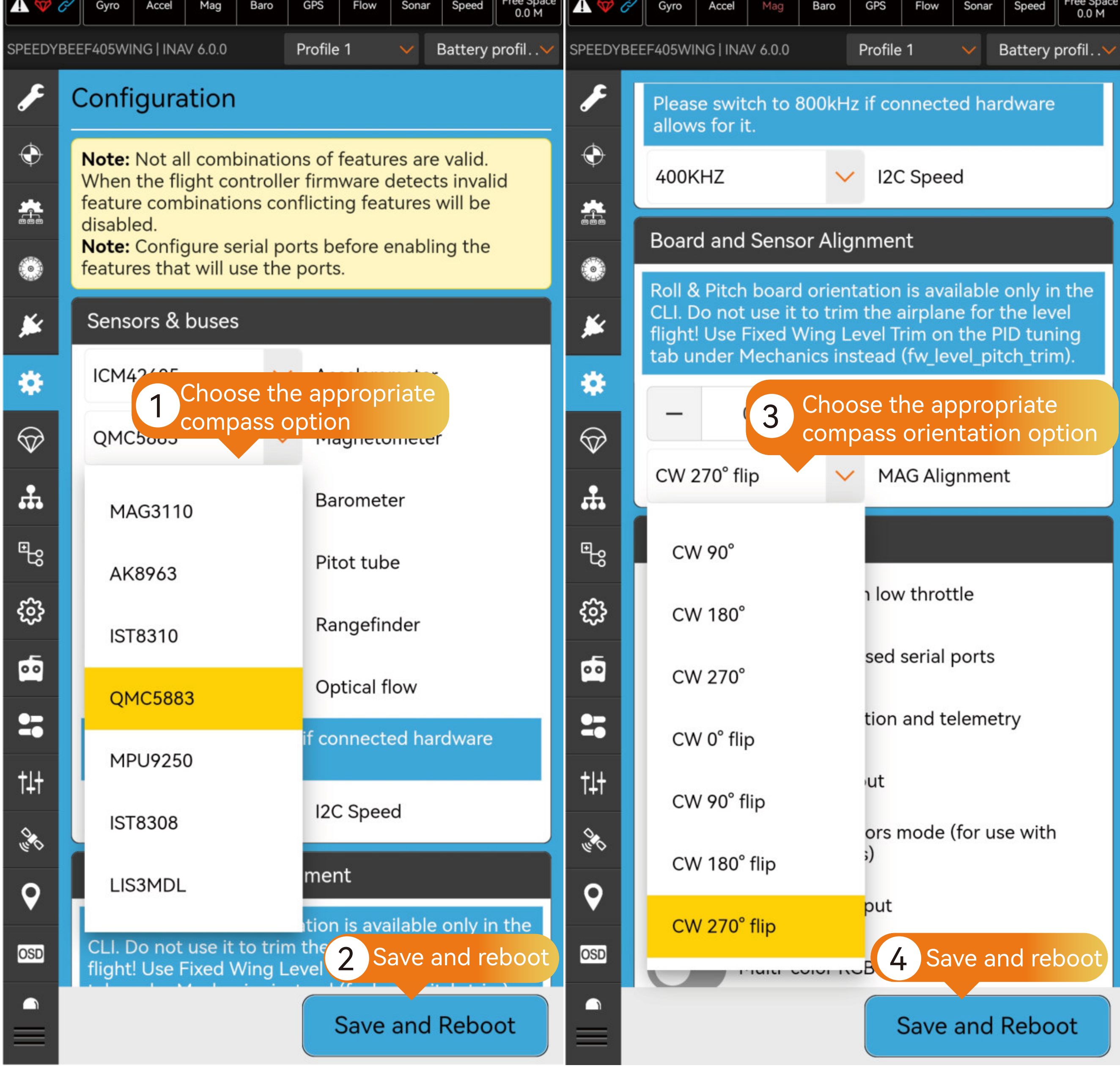
### INAV Settings

In the Configuration tab, select the appropriate compass option based on the compass model, then save and reboot. Adjust the compass orientation according to the specifications defined in the GPS module's documentation, then save and reboot.

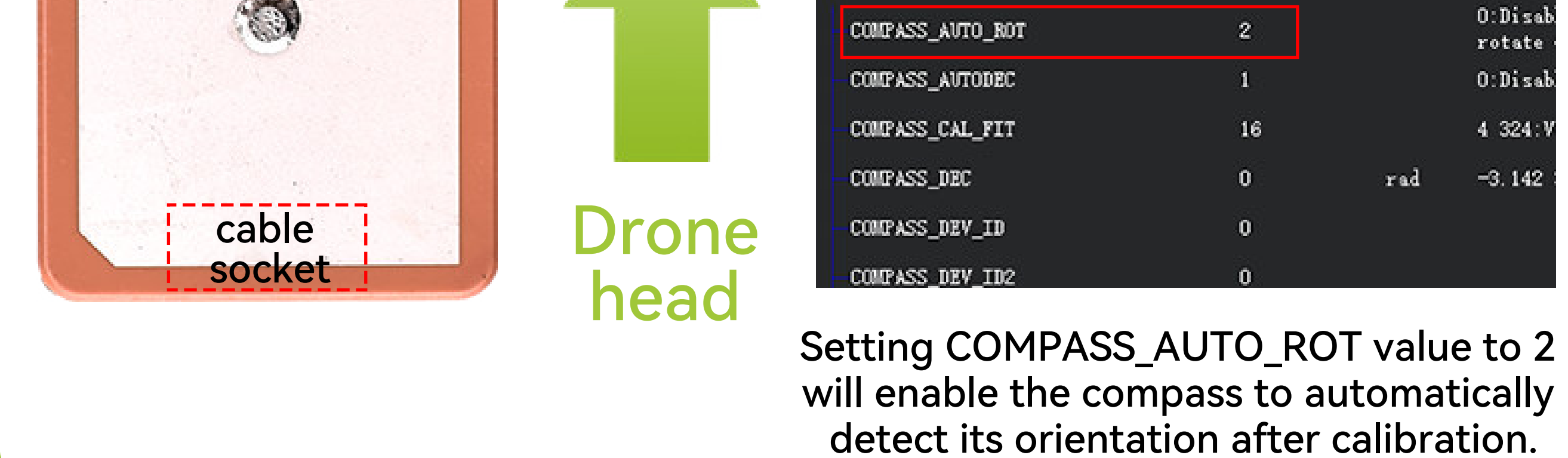
### ArduPilot Settings

Navigate to the Compass page in the SETUP of MissionPlanner and verify if the compass is correctly recognized. If the compass is properly identified, only enable the "USE Compass1" option. Onboard Mag Calibration: After securely installing the flight controller and GPS, calibrate the compass. Once calibration is successful, reboot the flight controller as prompted (No need to select compass model or set compass orientation).

### INAV Settings



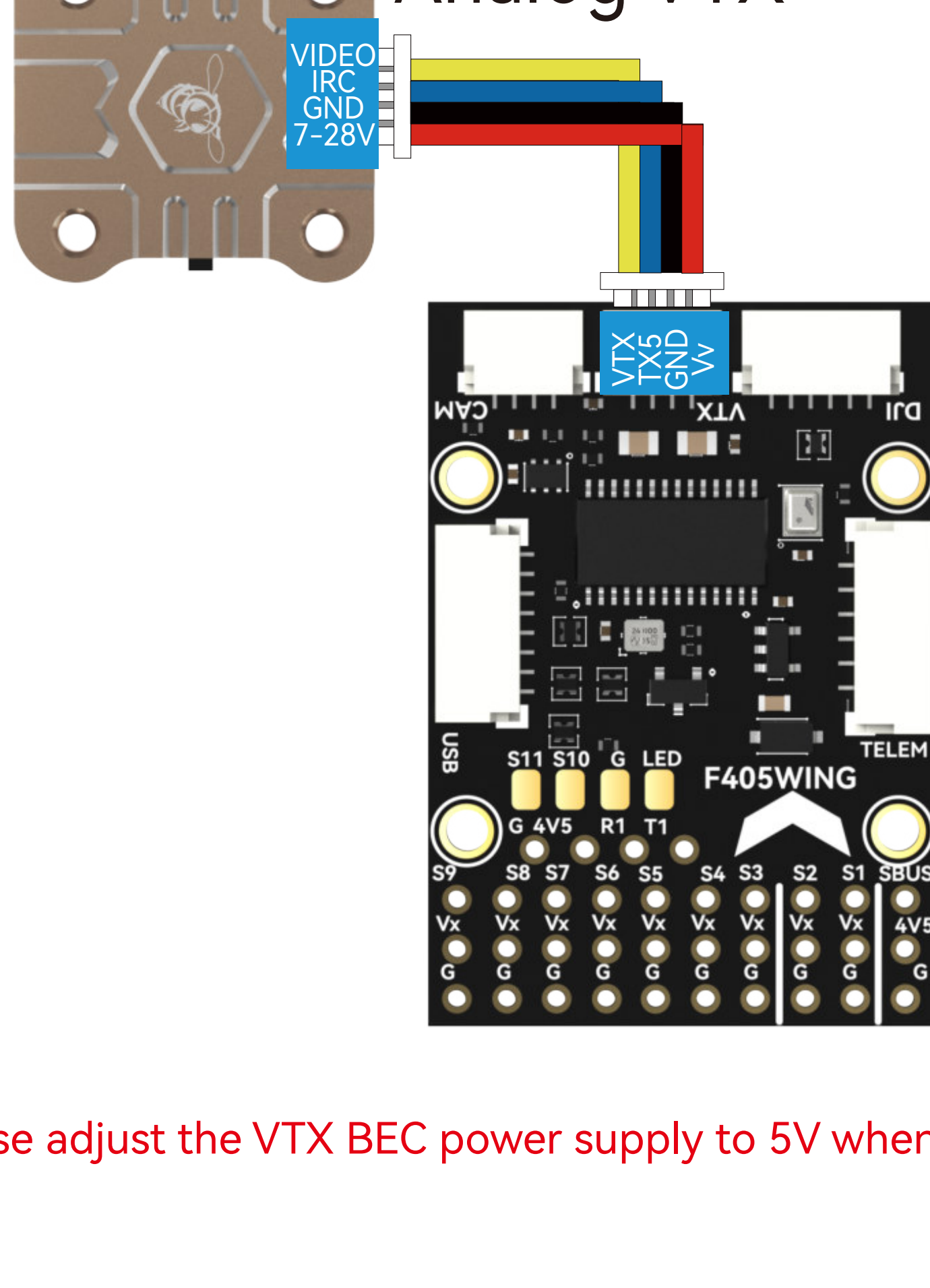
### ArduPilot Settings



### Analog VTX Settings

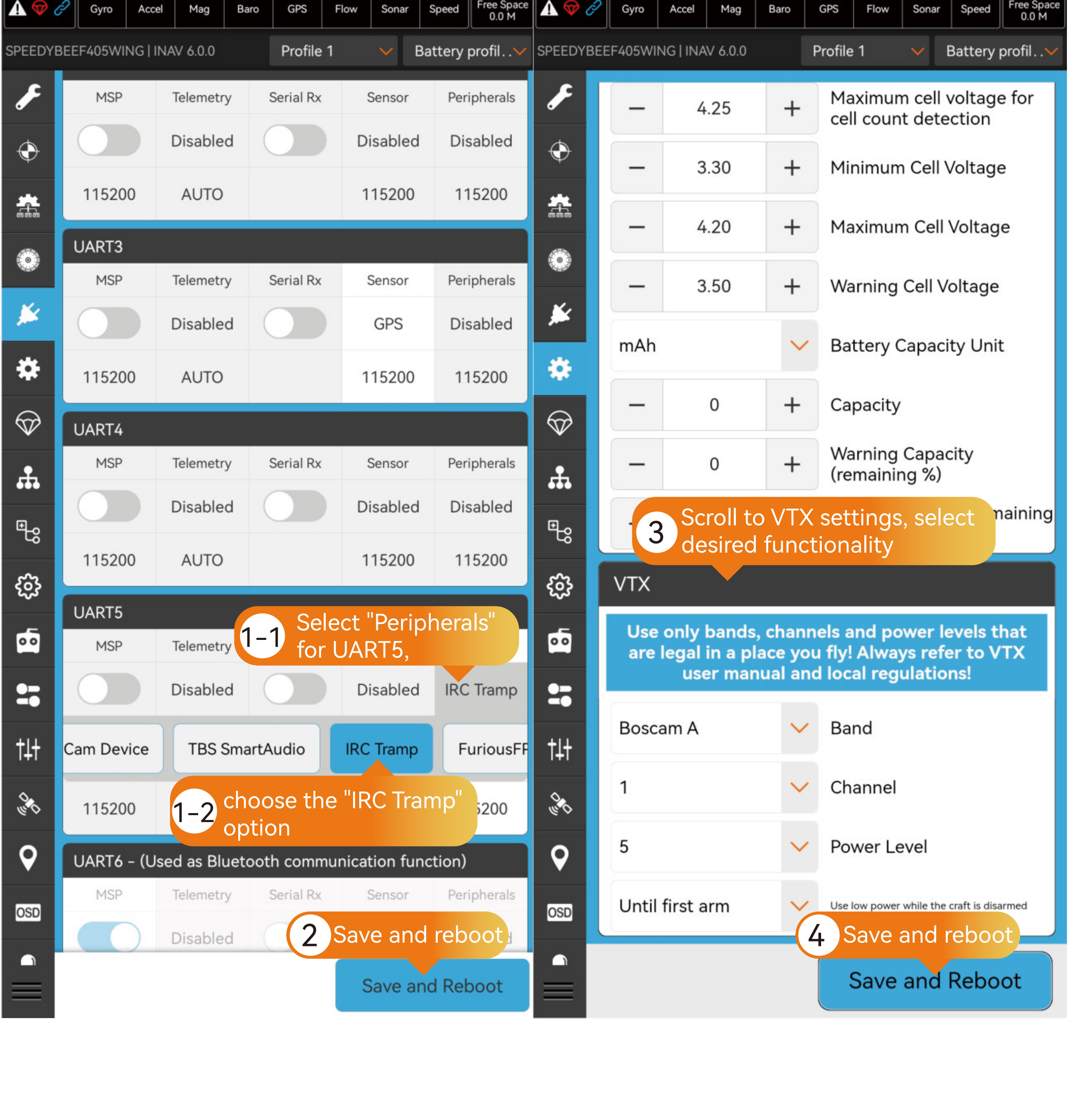
#### Hardware Connection:

Connect the SpeedyBee TX ULTRA analog VTX with the VTX cable



Note: Please adjust the VTX BEC power supply to 5V when using the TX800.

### INAV Settings



### ArduPilot Settings



SERIAL5_BAUD	57	Set serial5 baud rate to 57600
SERIAL5_OPTIONS	4	Set serial5 operating mode to HalfDuplex
SERIAL5_PROTOCOL	44	Set serial5 protocol to IRC Tramp
VTX_ENABLE	1	Enable Analog VTX function. Restart required after settings
VTX_OPTIONS	10	Enable Analog VTX function. (Pitmode until armed and Unlocked)
VTX_MAX_POWER	800	VTX Maximum Power Level

If your VTX supports SmartAudio, the following settings need to be applied:

SERIAL5_BAUD	4	Set serial5 baud rate to 4800
SERIAL5_OPTIONS	4	Set serial5 operating mode to HalfDuplex
SERIAL5_PROTOCOL	37	Set serial5 protocol to SmartAudio

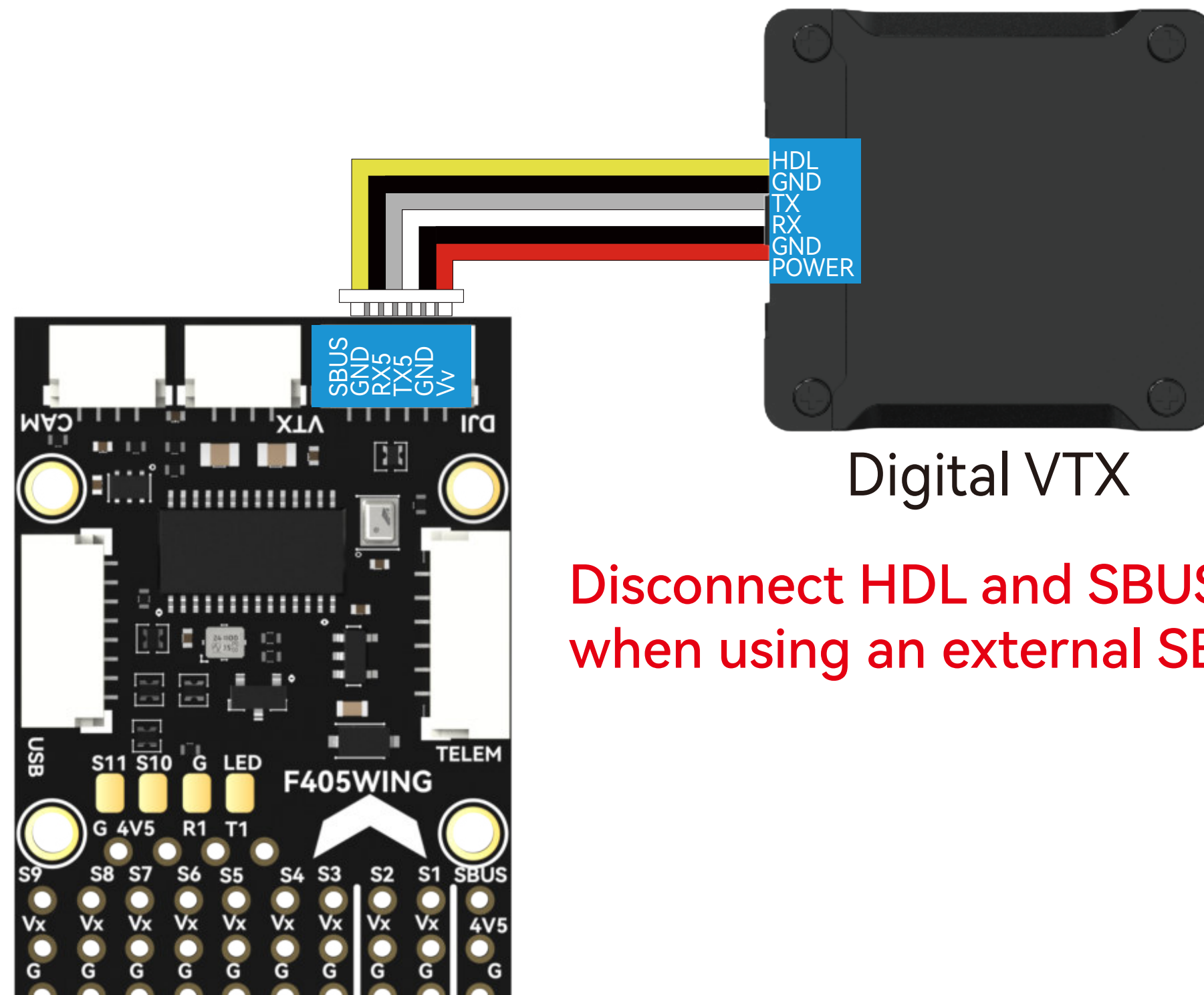
For more detailed settings, please refer to the following link:

<https://ardupilot.org/copter/docs/common-vtx.html>



## Digital VTX Settings

Hardware Connection:  
Use a Digital VTX cable to connect to the Digital VTX.



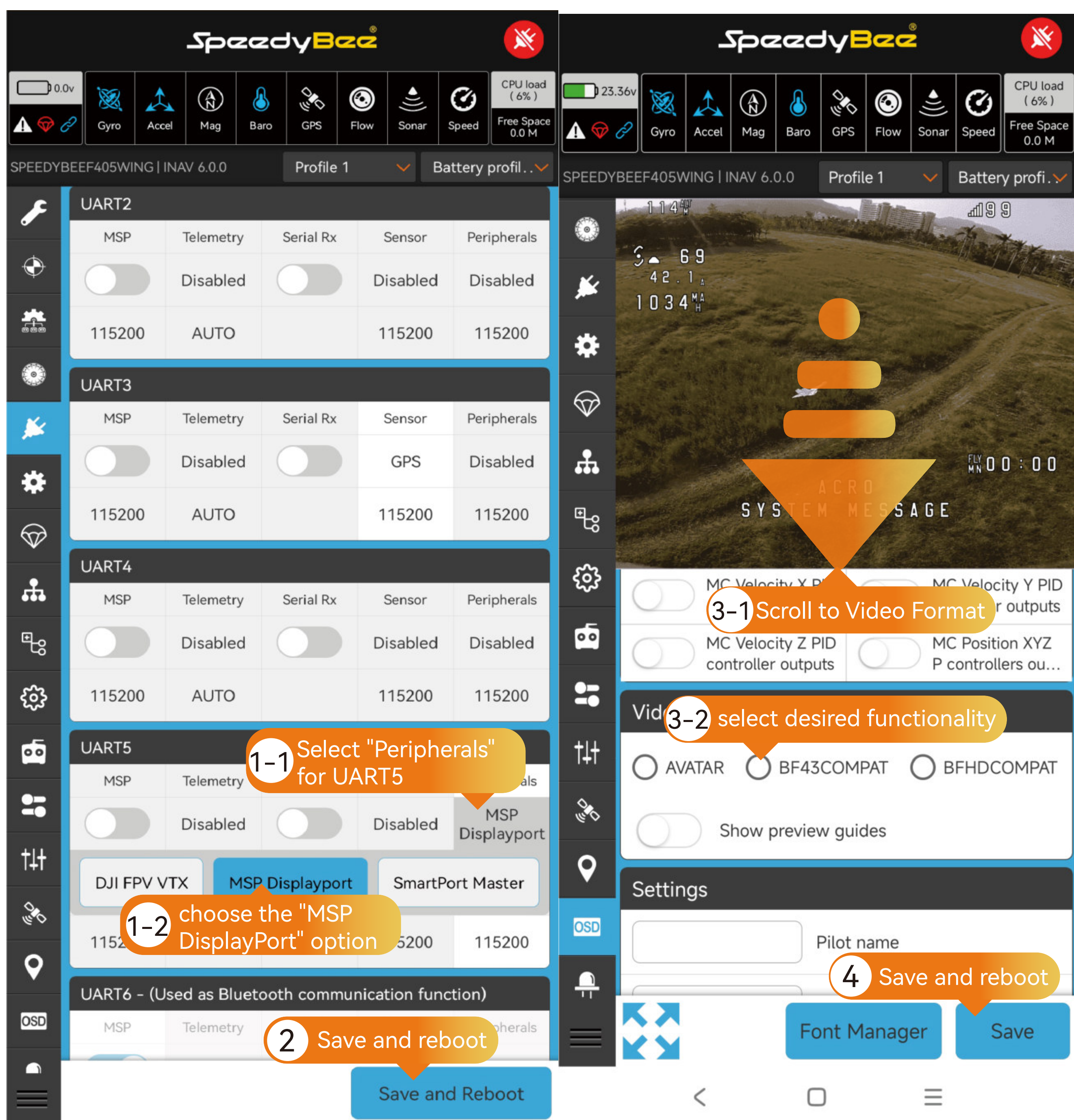
### 1 INAV Settings

- In the Ports tab, select "Peripherals" for UART5 and choose the "MSP DisplayPort" option, then save and reboot.
- In the OSD tab, scroll down to the "Video Format" option and select the appropriate option based on the following guidelines.
- Save and reboot.

### 2 ArduPilot Settings

Enter MissionPlanner's CONFIG settings, locate the Full Parameter Tree, modify the corresponding parameter values, and manually restart the flight controller.

## INAV Settings

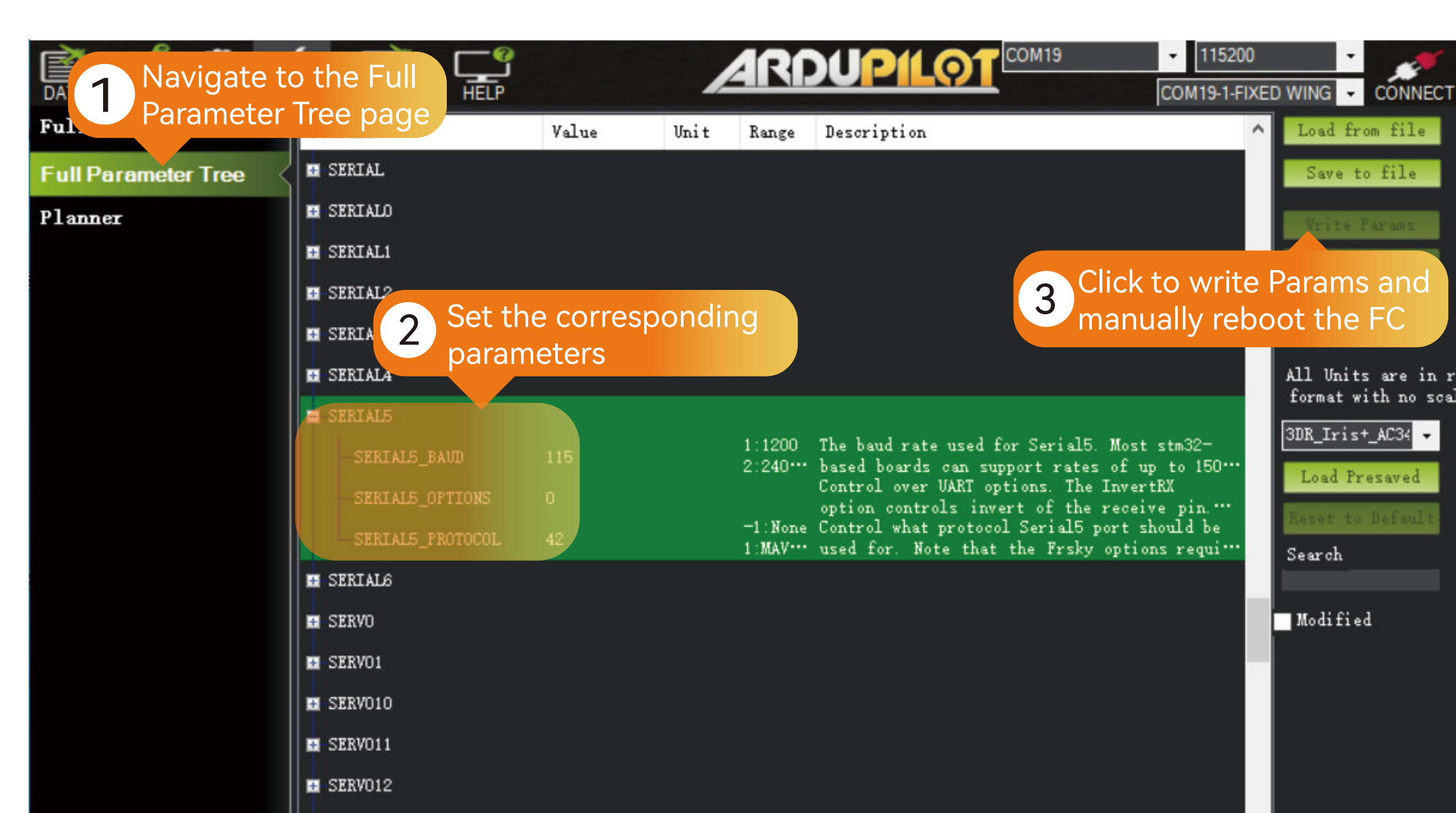


For DJI O3, DJI Air Unit V1 paired with DJI Goggles 2, RunCam Link paired with DJI Goggles 2, Caddx Vista paired with DJI Goggles 2.

For other digital VTX devices, consult the table below for parameter settings:

FPV goggles/VRX	Air unit	Ports tab		OSD tab
		UART	Peripherals	Video Format
DJI G2	DJI O3	UART5	MSP DisplayPort	BF43COMPAT
	DJI Air Unit V1	UART5		
	RunCam Link/Caddx Vista	UART5		
DJI V2	DJI O3	UART5	MSP DisplayPort	BF43COMPAT
	DJI Air Unit V1	UART5	DJI FPV VTX	/
	RunCam Link/Caddx Vista	UART5		/
Caddx WS Avatar	Caddx WS Avatar	UART5	MSP DisplayPort	AVATAR
HDzero	HDzero	UART5	MSP DisplayPort	HDZERO

## ArduPilot Settings



Compatible configurations: DJI O3, DJI Air Unit V1 paired with DJI Goggles 2, RunCam Link paired with DJI Goggles 2, Caddx Vista paired with DJI Goggles 2, Caddx WS Avatar, and HDzero.

SERIAL5_BAUD	115	Set serial5 baud rate to 115200
SERIAL5_OPTIONS	0	Set serial5 operating mode to default
SERIAL5_PROTOCOL	42	Set serial5 protocol to DisplayPort
MSP_OPTIONS	4	Utilizes Betaflight-compatible fonts
OSD_TYPE	5	Set OSD mode to MSP_DisplayPort

Compatible configurations: DJI Air Unit V1 paired with DJI Goggles V2, RunCam Link paired with DJI Goggles V2, Caddx Vista paired with DJI Goggles V2.

SERIAL5_BAUD	115	Set serial5 baud rate to 115200
SERIAL5_OPTIONS	0	Set serial5 operating mode to default
SERIAL5_PROTOCOL	33	Set serial5 protocol to MSP
MSP_OPTIONS	0	polling mode
OSD_TYPE	3	Set OSD Type to MSP

For more detailed settings, please refer to the following link:  
<https://ardupilot.org/plane/docs/common-msp-osd-overview-4.2.html>



## Wireless board with FC settings

### Hardware Connection:

Check the alignment and secure fastening of the pin headers and sockets between the wireless board and the flight controller.

For INAV firmware, switch the wireless mode to BLE mode, indicated by a slow flashing green wireless status indicator.

For ArduPilot firmware, switch the wireless mode to WiFi mode, indicated by a slow flashing white wireless status indicator.

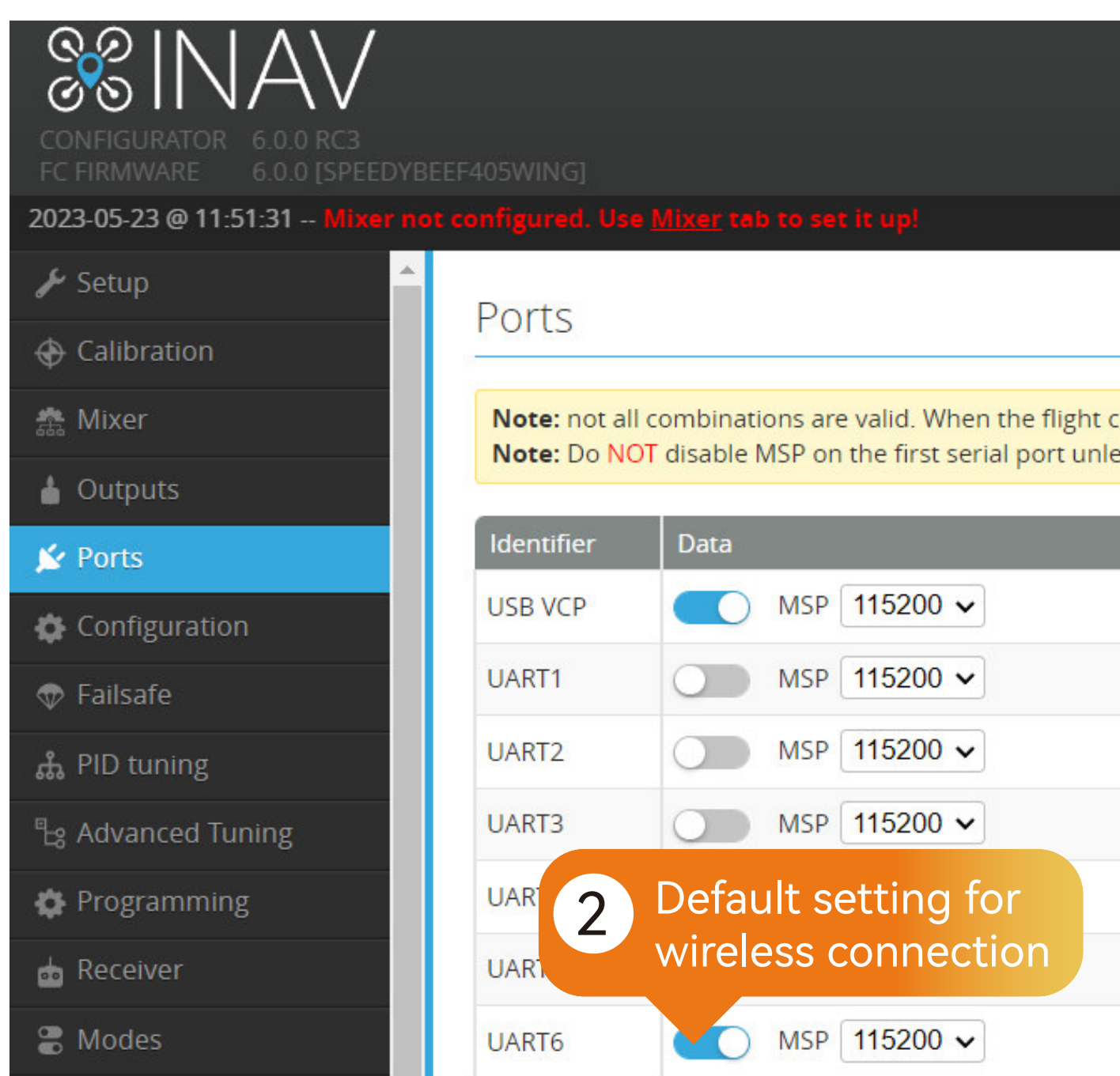
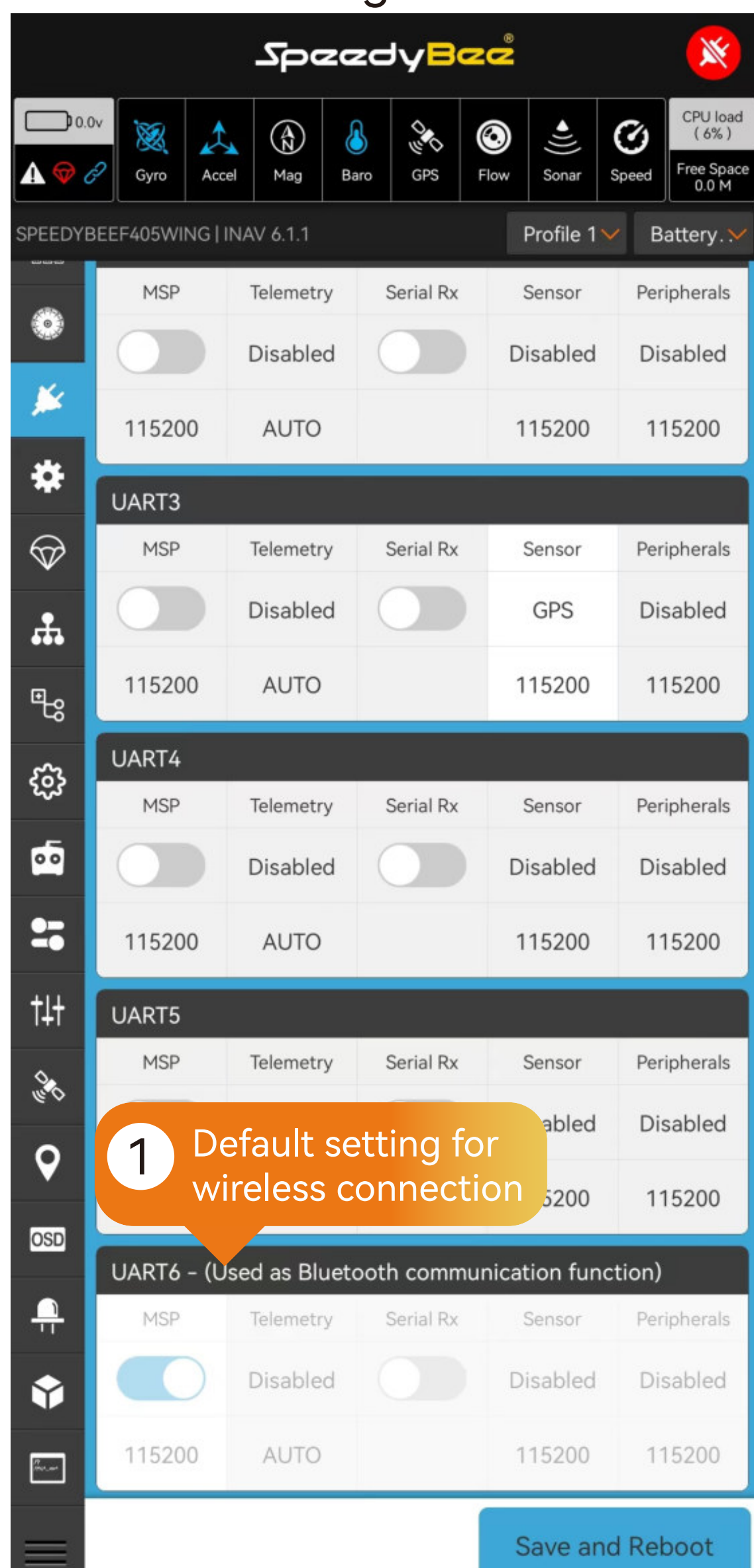
## 1 INAV Settings

Default parameters enable direct connection. If wireless connection fails and the battery indicator light shows flowing lights, please check this setting.

## 2 Ardupilot Settings

Default parameters enable direct connection. If wireless connection fails and the battery indicator light shows flowing lights, please check this setting.

## INAV Settings



## Ardupilot Settings

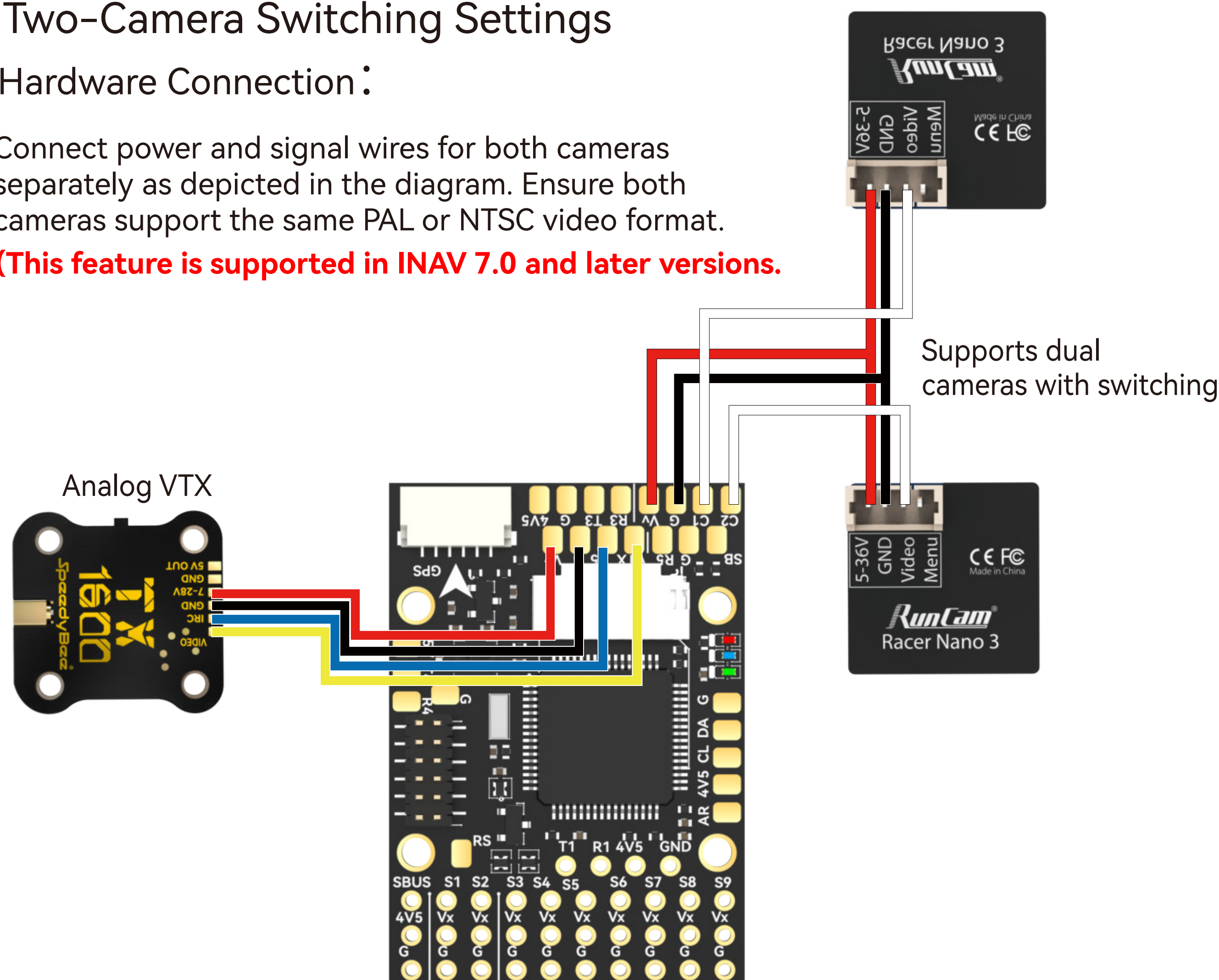
SERIAL6_BAUD	115	Set serial6 baud rate to 115200
SERIAL6_OPTIONS	0	Set serial6 operating mode to default
SERIAL6_PROTOCOL	2	Set serial6 protocol to Mavlink2

## Two-Camera Switching Settings

### Hardware Connection:

Connect power and signal wires for both cameras separately as depicted in the diagram. Ensure both cameras support the same PAL or NTSC video format.

**(This feature is supported in INAV 7.0 and later versions.)**



## 1 INAV Settings

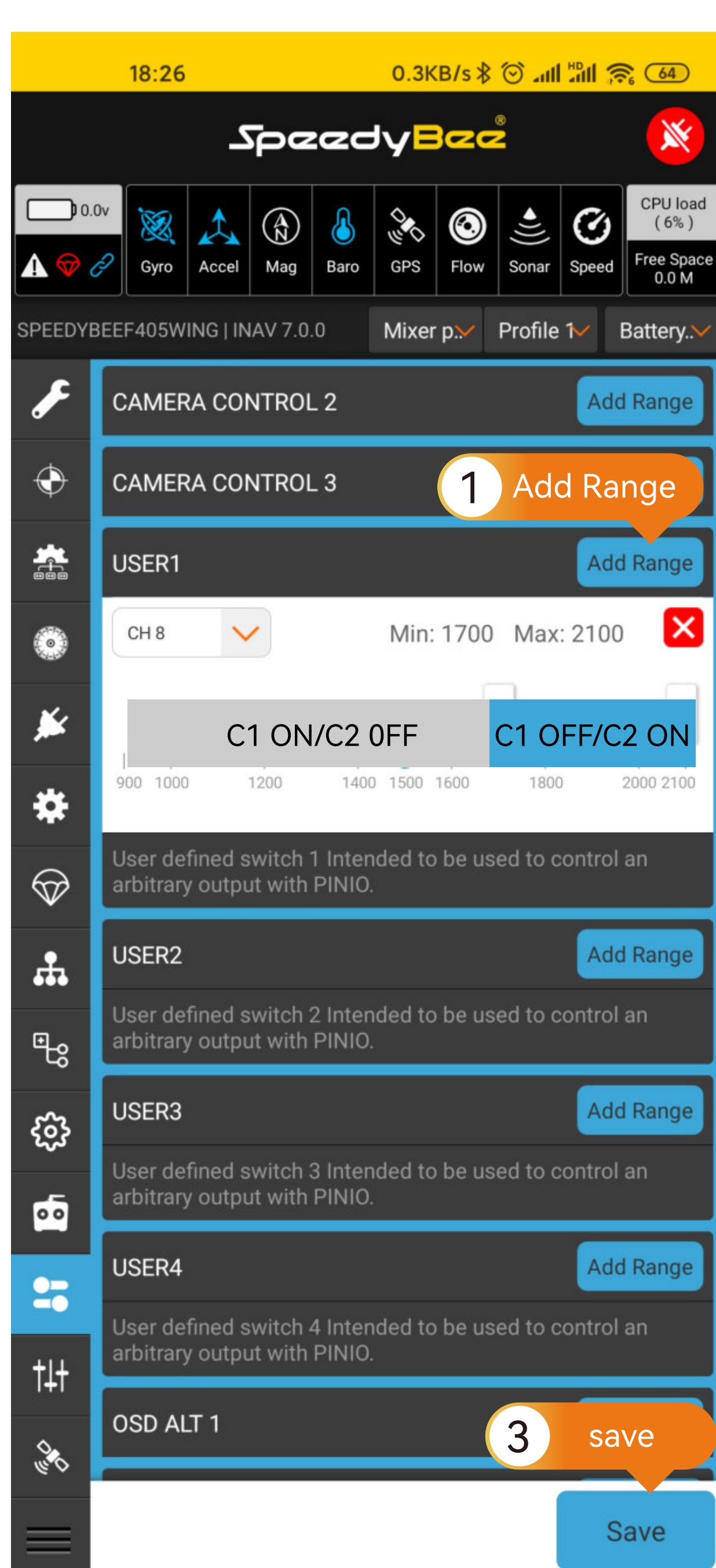
1 Go to "Mode" tab, select "USER1", and press "Add Range".

2 Choose camera switch control channel, adjust blue bar for range (white for Camera 1, blue for Camera 2).

3 Click "Save".

## 2 ArduPilot Settings

Enter MissionPlanner's CONFIG settings, locate the Full Parameter Tree, modify the corresponding parameter values, and manually restart the flight controller.



## ArduPilot Settings

RELAY_PIN	81	Define the Camera switch pin GPIO81 as Relay.
RC X_OPTION	28	Relay On/Off: Use the CH_X on the transmitter to control camera switching. Camera 1 is activated when the auxiliary switch's pwm value falls below 1200, and Camera 2 is activated when it exceeds 1800.